

THE LEINSTER SCHOOL OF MUSIC & DRAMA

Est. 1904

TRADITIONAL IRISH MUSIC SYLLABUS

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History of the Leinster School of Music & Drama

The Leinster School of Music & Drama was established in 1904 by Samuel Myerscough, an acclaimed musician, teacher and examiner. The aim of the LSMD was to uphold an Irish music institution that was inclusive of everyone. For over 113 years of experience as a national examining body in Ireland, the LSMD has a long tradition of promoting Irish culture and music heritage. Among the teaching staff of the LSMD were May Cosgrave and Joan Burke, sisters to William T. Cosgrave.

Following the War of Independence the two sisters: - May Cosgrave and Joan Burke, became the musical directors of the Leinster School of Music in 1921. Under the official directorship of Cosgrave and Burke the school coined the emblem 'Gan Ceol, Gan Tír' (without music, without country) in 1922 echoing the words of the fallen hero Padraig Pearse 'Tír Gan Teanga, Tír Gan Anam' (a country without a language, a country without a name). Under the directorship of the sisters, the Leinster School of Music aimed to become a music institution that promoted the traditional past of the country of Ireland.

The LSMD was situated on Harcourt Street until 1982 when the premises moved to Upper Stephen Street. A major step forward took place in 1998 when the school became a constituent of Griffith College. The college campus is immersed in Irish history, once being the location of the Arthur Griffith Barracks during war years in Ireland.

As a national examining body, the LSMD offers graded examinations in both music and drama subjects. Since 2004 an annual celebration of excellence is held at the school. As part of our Excellence Awards, students are selected to compete for prestigious awards on their performance at the annual examinations. The finalists perform at a grand finale held in Griffith College Dublin each November.

To encourage continued professional development for teachers, the LSMD offers music and drama teacher training courses. In keeping with the original aims of the LSMD, teacher training and education continues to develop with the recognition of the LSMD's Associate and Licentiate Diplomas for both music and drama as

Level 8 courses on the National Framework of Qualifications of Ireland. These courses provide a natural progression for many students who wish to pursue a career in music and drama pedagogy and performance.

Further developments to our teacher education programmes come with the development of the Higher Diploma in Arts in Music Education and Higher Diploma in Drama Education, all being validated by QQI at a Level 8 on the National Framework of Qualifications of Ireland.

Vision Statement

Inspiring life-long, creative and fulfilling participation in music.

Rationale for the Syllabus

Traditional Irish music has always enjoyed a particular position in the cultural and social life of Ireland; and more recently international success and recognition with its distinctive sound being recognized across the world. In particular, interest in traditional Irish music has grown exponentially amongst young people, with more and more learning to play in formal and informal settings. Although the contexts for learning Irish traditional music vary considerably, and often differ greatly from more formalised instrumental education, the outstanding artistic outcomes are evident in the ever increasing virtuosity and creativity in the discipline.

In designing a syllabus for Irish traditional music, it is most important to recognize its uniqueness, and to ensure a curriculum that is broad in scope to facilitate freedom for teachers and learners coming from different settings and environments. Among the reasons for providing assessment in education are:- accreditation, accountability and motivation.

Wherever traditional Irish musicians gather, enjoyment and fun are always evident, and the motivation for learning is often intrinsic. In Irish traditional music there are many opportunities for performance, both solo and in groups, not least through competitions and *feiseanna*. While competitions provide motivation for the pursuit of excellence, they do not provide general accreditation for all participants. It is important for talented and hard-working young traditional musicians to be able to attain accreditation which equals that in other areas of music education.

In designing the syllabus, the particular nature of traditional music learning was taken into account and this is reflected in the structure. It was recognized that learners may wish to dip in and out of this syllabus to attain accreditation at different stages and it is not designed on the model of a 'grade per year'. Taking the key levels of learning that are recognized in primary, second level and further education (Levels 1-5), it was decided to correspond to these levels of competence, knowledge, and skills from beginner to advanced level. Consequently the syllabus has five levels; a student completing Level 5 should have the musical requirements for entry into third level education.

In designing the syllabus, the particular cognate skills of the traditional musician are taken into account; these include memory, aural, technique, interpretation, contextual and finally reading skills. While all traditional musicians do not read music, a certain competence is advantageous at the higher levels, for transcription, collaboration with others, or for academic progression. In the higher levels, the learner is expected to provide a written submission underpinning their performance, developing their understanding of the culture and context of traditional Irish music, and encouraging curiosity and exploration of the field.

A wide element of choice is facilitated; learners can select from a broad suggested repertoire, or perform a tune/set of their own choice of equal standard. The social contexts of learning are recognized, with the facility to present the choice piece in a group (*please see examination guidelines for details*). Although traditional musicians play from memory, it is recognized that learners may come from other genres; consequently, some notation may be used in the earlier levels, although most of the repertoire should be performed from memory.

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Level 1 to Level 3 H	Exam Layout
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Level 1 - 3 Exam Layout

Schedule of maximum marks for all grades:

SECTION	MARKS
Section (a) Repertoire	60
Section (b) Contextual	10
Section (c) Theory	15
Section (d) Aural	15
<u>Total</u>	<u>100</u>

The grade examinations are marked out of 100. Candidates must secure:-

AWARD	MARK
First Class Honours	87 - 100
Pass with Honours	80 - 86
Pass with Merit	75 – 79
Pass	65 - 74

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Level 1 Foundation	n
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Level 1 Foundation

Aims

- 1) To introduce students to the performance of Irish traditional music at foundation level;
- 2) To enable the student to play simple but original traditional tunes, learnt by ear or by notation;
- 3) To develop related skills including: aural skills, memory technique and recall;
- 4) To explore the style and structure of the chosen dance tunes at an introductory level on their chosen instrument.

Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of this level the student should be able to: -

- a) Perform pieces in tune with a strong sense of tempo and rhythm
- b) Understand the form and time signature of the pieces that they are playing
- c) Identify the key signature of the tunes they play
- d) Listen to and recognize the rhythmic patterns of the dance tunes they perform eg. Polkas and marches etc.
- e) Perform three tunes, two Polkas and one of either March, Air or Waltz, at level 1 standard (please refer to performance guidelines below)
- f) Play at least two of the tunes from memory

Course Content

The Level 1examination at the conclusion of this level is divided into four sections: - Repertoire, Contextual, Theory and Aural

Repertoire

- Performance of three tunes, at least <u>two</u> of which must be from memory and from the attached list of repertoire. The third piece may also be selected from the list or may be the candidate's *own choice* which must be of at least equal standard to the pieces on the prescribed repertoire list (*please refer to guidelines on selecting a choice piece*).
- The student may present in a group situation for the third piece (please refer to guidelines for group performance).
- Performance guidelines: at this level the student should demonstrate a strong sense of rhythm and tempo. The melody should be concise and flowing, with no ornamentation required. Intonation, breathing and phrasing will be taken into account. (For an example of a piece performed at Level 1, please refer to the MP3 tracks available on www.griffith.ie).

Contextual

- To know the names of the tunes played (where available).
- To be able to discuss the provenance of the tunes; at level 2 the student should state where they learnt the tune from *(family member, teacher, recording etc.)* and mention any other performance or recordings of the tunes they are familiar with. This may not be relevant for all tunes, but will be relevant for many.

Theory

- To identify the different musical features of the two types of tunes performed: rhythm, tempo and time signature.
- To know they key of the chosen tunes (this does not need to be written; students should be able to identify that the piece is played in D, G, etc.).
- To know the structure of the tunes: identifying the different parts of the tune and turn.

Aural

- To be able to play or sing back a **two-bar melodic phrase played twice** (or three times if required) by the examiner in the style of a polka. The student will be given the starting note or key.
- To identify whether a tune played by the examiner is a polka or march **four bars** will be played by the examiner.

Choice Piece

Students may pick a **third tune** not on the repertoire list, but ensure that it is of equal standard. It is acceptable for a candidate to choose a tune with a higher degree of difficulty (eg. A slide, jig or any traditional dance tune forms) for performance at Level 1. Other tunes of a similar nature will also be deemed appropriate for the choice piece. The tunes may be transposed to suit the instrument if required.

List of Recommended Pieces

Garryowen Polka

Bog Down in the Valley

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Level 2 Junior	
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12	

Level 2 Junior

Aims

This level builds on the foundations set at Level 1 and aims to provide the candidate with a broader knowledge of the Irish music tradition, through increased repertoire and exposure to difference dance tune types. This will be achieved through: -

- 1) A stronger emphasis on performance, expanding the range and types of tunes to be performed;
- 2) Further development of memory and aural skills;
- 3) Exploring and identifying the musical features of the expanded repertoire;
- 4) Encouraging a curiosity with regards to the context of the Irish music repertoire on the candidates chosen instrument.

Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of this level the student should be able to: -

- a) Perform four dance tunes to be selected from the following dance types: Polka, March, Air, Waltz,
 Jig or Slip Jig.
- b) Perform in tune with a strong sense of tempo and rhythm, and with good intonation.
- c) Understand the musical features such as structure and time signature of the tunes they are playing.
- d) Answer questions relating to the keys of their chosen pieces.
- e) Listen to and recognize the rhythmic patterns of the dance tunes they perform eg. Polkas and marches etc.
- f) Play at least three or more of the pieces from memory

Course Content

The examination at the conclusion of this level is divided into four categories: - Repertoire, Contextual, Theory and Aural

Repertoire

- Performance of four tunes, at least **three** of which must be from memory and of a similar standard to the attached list. The candidate must play a jig or slip jig, and three different tune types should be selected from polkas, marches, waltzes and airs. Three tunes should be selected from the recommended list below. The fourth may also be selected from the list or may be of the candidate's *own choice* which must be of at least equal standard to the pieces on the prescribed repertoire list (*please refer to guidelines on selecting a choice piece*).
- The student may present in a group situation for the fourth piece (*please refer to guidelines for group performance*).
- Performance guidelines: at this level the student should demonstrate a strong sense of rhythm and tempo. The melody should be concise and flowing, with no ornamentation required at this level. Intonation, breathing and phrasing will be taken into account. The primary change between Level 1 and Level 2 is the breadth and range of the repertoire performed. (*For an example of a piece performed at Level 2, please refer to the MP3 tracks available on www.griffith.ie*).

Contextual

- To know the names of the tunes played (where available) and what they mean (if in Irish).
- To be able to discuss the provenance of the tunes (*if available*); at level 2 the student should state where they learnt the tune from (*family member, teacher, recording etc.*) and mention any other performances or recordings of the tunes they are familiar with. This may not be relevant for all tunes, but will be relevant for many.

Theory

- To identify the different musical features of the four types of tunes performed: rhythm, tempo and time signature.
- To know and be able to explain the time signatures of Jigs, Slip Jigs, Polkas, Marches or Waltzes.
- To know the key signature used in the chosen tunes (this does not need to be written; students should be able to identify that the piece is played in D, G, etc.).
- To know the structure of the tunes: identifying the different parts, i.e. the tune and turn.
- To be able to identify notes on the stave in the treble clef.

Aural

- To be able to play or sing back a **two-bar melodic phrase played twice** (or three times if required) by the examiner in the style of a polka or a jig. The student will be given the starting note and/or key.
- To identify whether a tune played by the examiner is a polka, March or jig. **Four bars** will be played by the examiner.

Choice Piece

Please refer to the guidelines referring to the choice piece.

List of Recommended Pieces

Maggie in the Woods

Planxty Fanny Power

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Level 3 Intermedia	ate Level
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Level 3 Intermediate Level

Aims

This level is aimed primarily at demonstrating Irish traditional music performance at an intermediate level, indicating greater technical skill and understanding of the nuances of the tradition, to a level where students can participate in groups or slow sessions. This should include a broad repertoire range, incorporating different dance tunes, sets, and airs and including some use of ornamentation, rhythmic and melodic variation. Strong emphasis is placed on performance skills and encouraging musical independence through developing memory, aural, and sight-reading skills, and a greater sense of stylistic playing.

Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of this level the student should be able to: -

- a) Play from memory a broad range of tune types to include reels, hornpipes, jigs, polkas, slides, airs and waltzes.
- b) Play a set of tunes.
- c) Perform in tune with a steady tempo and rhythm without technical errors.
- d) Understand the structure and form of the tunes that they are playing.
- e) Identify the different musical features of the tune types performed: rhythm, tempo and time signature.
- f) Introduce some ornamentation (cuts and rolls) into their playing (please refer to the recording of Level 3 performances as an example).
- g) Listen to and recognize the rhythmic patterns of the dance tunes they perform eg. Reels, hornpipes, jigs etc.
- h) Perform in both a solo and a group environment.

Course Content

The examination at the conclusion of this level is divided into four categories: - Repertoire, Contextual, Theory and Aural

Repertoire

- Students present <u>two tunes and two sets</u>, all of which should be different tune types, and must include reels and hornpipes. At the exam candidates will play the two selected tunes, and one set chosen by the examiner. The tunes and sets should be selected from the prescribed list, although candidates may add a different second tune for the sets if they consider it an appropriate choice. One selection (tune or set) may be of the candidate's own choice, but must be of equal standard to the pieces on the prescribed list (please refer to guidelines on selecting a choice piece).
- The student may present in a group situation for one of the tunes or sets (*please refer to guidelines for group performance*).
- Performance guidelines: at this level the student should be able to play in tune, demonstrating a strong sense of rhythm and tempo. The melody should be accurate and flowing, with some ornamentation required. Intonation, breathing, phrasing and articulation will be taken into account.

Contextual

- To understand the characteristics and background of the tunes that they play; i.e. the history of the tunes as an independent entity as opposed to use in dances. The composer if any etc, and to be aware of other versions of the tune if relevant.
- To be able to talk about the provenance and origins of the tunes that they are playing i.e. if traditional, recently written, composer or what county region they are associated with.

Theory

- To understand the time signatures of the various tunes including Jigs, Reels, Polkas, Slides, Hornpipes and Marches.
- To know the key signatures used in the chosen tunes.
- To know the structure or form of the tunes.
- To be able to identify notes on the stave, and play a two bar phrase in the keys of D or g with a range from D D' (please refer to appendix).

Aural

- To be able to play or sing back a **four-bar melodic phrase played twice** (or three times if required) by the examiner in the style of one of the dance forms on the list above. The student will be given the starting note or key.
- To identify whether a tune played by the examiner is a polka, jig, reel or hornpipe (4 bars played).

Choice Piece

Please refer to the guidelines referring to the choice piece.

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Level 3 Repert	toire List
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20	

Jigs

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle

The Kesh Jig

(Tom Morley)

The Hag's Purse

Blarney Pilgrim

The Merry Blacksmith

The Swallowtail Jig

Tobin's Favourite

Double Jigs: (two, and three part jigs)

The Hag at the Churn

I Buried My Wife and Danced on her Grave

The Carraroe Jig

The Bride's Favourite

Saddle the Pony

Rambling Pitchfork

The Geese in the Bog (Key of C or D)

The Lilting Banshee

The Mist Covered Meadow (Junior Crehan Tune)

Strike the Gay Harp

Trip it Upstairs

Slip Jigs: (two, and three part jigs)

The Butterfly

Éilish Kelly's Delight

Drops of Brandy

The Foxhunter's

Deirdre's Fancy

Fig for a Kiss

The Snowy Path (Altan)

Drops of Spring Water

Hornpipes

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle Napoleon Crossing the Alps

(Tom Morley) The Harvest Home

Murphys

Hornpipes: (two part tunes) The Boys of Bluehill

The Homeruler

The Pride of Petravore

Cornin's

The Galway Hornpipe

Off to Chicago

The Harvest Home

Slides

Slides (Two and three Parts) The Brosna Slides 1&2

Dan O'Keefes

The Kerry Slide

Merrily Kiss the Quaker

Reels

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle The Raven's Wing

(Tom Morley) The Maid Behind the Bar

Miss Monaghan

The Silver Spear

The Abbey Reel

Castle Kelly

Reels: (two part reels) The Crooked Rd to Dublin

The Earl's Chair

The Silver Spear

The Merry Blacksmith

The Morning Star

Martin Wynne's No 1

Paddy Fahy's No 1

Fr. Kelly's

The Banshee

Other tunes of a similar nature will also be deemed appropriate. The tunes may be transposed to suit the instrument if required. It is also acceptable if a candidate chooses a tune with a higher degree of difficulty

Recommended Sources

Tom Morley Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle

Waltons Ireland's Best Polkas & Slides

Waltons 110 Slow Airs (Waltons)

O' Neill's 1001 Dance Tunes of Ireland

The Session Website <u>www.thesession.org</u>

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
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Level 4 to Level 5 Ex	kam Layout
25	

Level 4 - 5 Exam Layout

Schedule of maximum marks for all grades:

SECTION	MARKS
Section (a) Repertoire	60
Section (b) Contextual	25
Section (c) Theory	15
<u>Total</u>	<u>100</u>

The grade examinations are marked out of 100. Candidates must secure:-

AWARD	MARK
First Class Honours	87 - 100
Pass with Honours	80 - 86
Pass with Merit	75 – 79
Pass	65 - 74

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Level 4 Senior Level	
27	

Level 4 Senior Level

Aims

This level is aimed primarily at demonstrating Irish traditional music at a sophisticated level of performance, indicating a clear sense of individual style and musical independence; and the ability to join in and/or lead a group or session. The performance should include the use of ornamentation, rhythmic and melodic variation, enhancing the tune and demonstrating a higher level of understanding involved in the subtleties and characteristics of Irish Music. The candidate should demonstrate a knowledge of the nuances of regional styles; and a knowledge of the styles of the primary exponents of traditional Irish music on their chosen instrument. Candidates should demonstrate familiarity with a broader repertoire of tunes of varying difficulty, in order to present a varied repertoire of choice to the candidate/examiner. Candidates are encouraged to explore musical possibilities through composing or adapting an original tune in the style of one of the dance forms.

Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of this level the student should be able to: -

- a) Perform from memory a broad repertoire of traditional tunes in all tune types, with ornamentation and variation appropriate for the instrument.
- b) Perform in both solo and group (session) environments.
- c) Identify the modes used in traditional Irish music.
- d) Understand the structure, form and time signature of the tunes that they are playing.
- e) Listen and recognize the rhythmic patterns of the dance tunes that they perform; i.e. polkas, marches, jigs, reels, hornpipes etc.
- f) To present an original tune in any dance form if they wish to do so.
- g) Demonstrate and understanding of regional styles
- h) Demonstrate a knowledge of the music styles and recordings of the principal exponents of their chosen instrument.

Course Content

The examination at the conclusion of this level is divided into three categories: - Repertoire, Written (to include contextual and aural combined) and Theory.

Repertoire

- Candidates present <u>six tunes and three sets</u>, which should include a wide range of tune types. At the exam candidates will play the two tunes and two sets chosen by the examiner. The tunes and sets should be selected from the prescribed list, although candidates may add a different second tune in the sets if they consider this an appropriate choice. One selection (tune or set) may be of the candidate's own choice, but must be of equal standard to the pieces on the prescribed list (please refer to guidelines on selecting a choice piece).
- The student may present in a group situation for one of the tunes or sets (*please refer to guidelines for group performance*).
- Performance guidelines: at this level the student should demonstrate a thorough understanding of the
 tradition, being able to communicate with the audience and demonstrating an emerging individual style
 of playing. They should demonstrate an ability to embed ornamentation and variation in the
 performance, and demonstrate creativity and spontaneity in their playing.
- The student may present in a group situation for the third *piece* (please refer to guidelines on selecting a choice piece).

Contextual Written Assignment

To submit in writing an essay on an aspect of Irish music of interest relevant to their chosen instrument or chosen repertoire. The essay should be not more than 1,200 words, and may include accompanying recordings. This is to be submitted on-line four weeks in advance of the exam and the student will be asked questions on their topic. (*Please refer to indicative topics in Appendix*).

Theory

- To understand the time signatures of the various tunes including Jigs, Reels, Polkas, Slides, Slip Jigs,
 Hornpipes, Set Dances/Barn Dances/Flings, Marches etc.
- To know the key signatures used in the chosen tunes, and be familiar with the modes used in Irish Music.
- To understand the difference between the classical keys and the traditional modes if relevant to the tunes picked.
- To be able to read notes on the stave through playing a 4 bar phrase, in a range of an octave and a half from the lowest note on the instrument.
- To research and be able to talk about the provenance and origins of the tunes that they are playing i.e. if traditional, recently written, composer or what county region they are associated with.

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Level 4 Repertoire List	
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Jigs Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle The Kesh Jig (Tom Morley) The Hag's Purse Blarney Pilgrim Tobin's Favourite Double Jigs: (two, and three part jigs) The Hag at the Churn I Buried My Wife and Danced on her Grave The Carraroe Jig The Bride's Favorite Saddle the Pony Rambling Pitchfork The Geese in the Bog (Key of C or D) The Lilting Banshee The Mist Covered Meadow (Junior Crehan tune) Strike the Gay Harp Trip it Upstairs Slip Jigs: (two and three part ones) The Butterfly Eilish Kelly's Delight Drops of Brandy The Foxhunter's Deirdre's Fancy Fig for a Kiss

The Snowy Path (Altan)

Drops of Spring Water

Hornpipes

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle Napoleon Crossing the Alps

(Tom Morley) The Harvest Home

Murphy's

Hornpipes: (two part tunes) The Boys of Bluehill

The Homeruler

The Pride of Petravore

Cornin's

The Galway Hornpipe

Off to Chicago

The Harvest Home

Slides

Slides (Two and three Parts) The Brosna Slides 1&2

Dan O'Keefes

The Kerry Slide

Merrily Kiss the Quaker

Reels

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle The Ravens Wing

(Tom Morley) The Maid behind the Bar

The Wind that Shakes the Barley

Miss Monaghan

The Silver Spear

The Abbey Reel

Crowley's Reel

Dunmore Lasses

Castle Kelly

Reels: (two part reels) The Crooked Rd to Dublin

The Earl's Chair

The Silver Spear

The Merry Blacksmith

The Morning Star

Martin Wynne's No 1

Paddy Fahy's No 1

Fr. Kelly's

The Banshee

Other tunes of a similar nature will also be deemed appropriate. The tunes may be transposed to suit the instrument if required. It is also acceptable if a candidate chooses a tune with a higher degree of difficulty

Recommended Sources

Tom Morley Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle

Waltons Ireland's Best Polkas & Slides

Waltons 110 Slow Airs (Waltons)

O' Neill's 1001 Dance Tunes of Ireland

The Session Website <u>www.thesession.org</u>

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
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Level 5 Advanced	Level
36	

Level 5 Advanced Level

Aims

This level is aimed at developing Irish traditional music skills to an advanced level, demonstrating a mastery of technique and a deep understanding and application of the nuances of the tradition. Performance should include the use of ornamentation, rhythmic and melodic variation enhancing the tune and demonstrating an advanced level of understanding involved in the subtleties and characteristics of Irish music.

Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of this level the student should be able to: -

- a) Perform a wide range of traditional Irish music, indicating a breadth of knowledge of tunes and repertoire, to perform solo or at sessions.
- b) Demonstrate a deep understanding of the technical and creative aspects of performing Irish traditional music.
- c) Demonstrate originality of music interpretation in their playing, through ornamentation and variation.
- d) Answer questions relating to the keys of their chosen pieces, to recognize and distinguish between the most common modes found in Irish music and between the tonality of both major and minor tunes.
- e) Listen and recognize the rhythmic patterns of the dance tunes that they perform; i.e. polkas, marches, jigs reels etc.
- f) To submit an original composition in any dance form if they wish to do so.
- g) To be able to perform in both a solo and group environment.

Course Content

The examination at the conclusion of this level is divided into three categories: - Repertoire, Written (to include contextual and aural combined) and Aural.

Repertoire

- Candidates present <u>six tunes and three sets</u>, which should include a wide range of tune types. At the exam candidates will play the two tunes and two sets chosen by the examiner. The tunes and sets should be selected from the prescribed list, although candidates may add a different second tune in the sets if they consider this an appropriate choice. One set may be of the candidate's own choice, but must be of equal standard to the pieces on the prescribed list (*please refer to guidelines on selecting a choice piece*).
- The candidate may present in a group situation for one of the tunes or sets (*please refer to guidelines for group performance*).
- Performance guidelines: at this level the student should demonstrate an intuitive understanding of the
 tradition, being able to communicate with the audience and demonstrating an individual style of
 playing. They should demonstrate an ability to embed ornamentation and variation in the performance,
 and demonstrate creativity, spontaneity and spontaneity in their playing.
- The student may present in a group situation for the third *piece* (please refer to guidelines on selecting a choice piece).

Contextual Written Assignment

To submit in writing an essay on an aspect of Irish music of interest to the candidate. This should in some way link to aspects of the performance. The essay should be not more than 1,500 words, and may include accompanying recordings. This is to be submitted on-line four weeks in advance of the exam and the student will be asked questions on their topic. (*Please refer to indicative topics in Appendix*).

Theory

- To understand the time signatures of various tunes including Jigs, Reels, Polkas, Slides, Mazurka's, Hornpipes, Set Dances/Barn Dances/Flings, Marches etc.
- To know all the key signatures, up to and including three sharps and flats, and be familiar with the modes used in Irish music.
- To understand the difference between the classical keys and the traditional Irish modes if relevant.
- To be able to sight-read an eight-bar phrase in any dance style in keys up to two sharps and two flats.

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Level 5 Repertoire	List
Level & Repertone	
40	

Jigs

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle

(Tom Morley)

Double Jigs: (two, and three part jigs)

Blarney Pilgrim

The Pipe on the Hob

The Hag at the Churn

I Buried My Wife and Danced on her Grave

The Carraroe Jig

Tell Her I am

The Wheels of the World

The Cook in the Kitchen

The Knocknagow

The Humours of Ennistymon

Banish Misfortune

Connie O'Connells Jig

The Monaghan Jig

The Bride's Favourite

The Luckpenny

The Gold Ring (fiddling one or the piping one)

Slip Jigs: (two and three part ones)

Hardiman the Fiddler

Gusty's Frolics

The Butterfly

Eilish Kelly's Delight

Drops of Brandy

The Kid on the Mountain

Hornpipes

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle

The Stage

(Tom Morley)

Hornpipes: (two part tunes)

The Boys of Bluehill

The Homeruler

The Pride of Petravore

Cornin's

The Galway Hornpipe

Off to Chicago

The Harvest Home

Slides

Slides (Two and three Parts)

The Brosna Slides 1&2

Dan O'Keefes

The Kerry Slide

Merrily Kiss the Quaker

Reels

Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle Castle Kelly

(Tom Morley) The Maid behind the Bar

The Silver Spear

Crowley's Reel

Dunmore Lasses

Reels: (two, three, four and five part reels)

The Cup of Tea

The Crooked Rd to Dublin

The Boys of Ballisodare

Christmas Eve

The Earl's Chair

The Silver Spire

The Bucks Of Oranmore

The Bunch of Keys

The Dublin Reel

The Jug of Punch

Note: Candidates can make their own tunes sets up also.

Other tunes of a similar nature will also be deemed appropriate. The tunes may be transposed to suit the instrument if required. It is also acceptable if a candidate chooses a tune with a higher degree of difficulty

Recommended Sources

Tom Morley Learn to Play Irish Trad Fiddle

Waltons Ireland's Best Polkas & Slides

Waltons 110 Slow Airs (Waltons)

O' Neill's 1001 Dance Tunes of Ireland

The Session Website www.thesession.org

The Leinster School of Music & Drama	Traditional Irish Music Syllabus
Recital Medal Re	epertoire
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Recital Medal Repertoire

The recital medal repertoire is divided into three categories:-

- i. Junior level covering grades 2-3. The programme should be approximately 6 to 8 minutes in length. A silver plated medal will be awarded to successful candidates.
- ii. Intermediate level covering grades 4-5. The programme should be approximately 10 to 15 minutes in length. A silver green medal will be awarded to successful candidates
- iii. Senior level covering grades post Grade 5. The programme should be approximately 20 30 minutes in length. A gilt medal will be awarded to successful candidates.

Programme Choice

The choice of programme is the responsibility of the candidate and should reflect the minimum standard required. Candidates may select from the current syllabus but are encouraged to explore a broader base than that set for the grades.

The exam will consist of the performance only and will be judged in accordance with performance standards. Marks will be awarded for choice of programme, technical ability and interpretation of the works performed, general presentation and stage presence.

Recital Medal Marking Scheme

Candidates should present a programme note and a copy of each piece to the examiner.

Marks will be awarded as follows:

SECTION	MARKS
Technical Ability	30
Interpretation	40
Overall Impression and Programme Choice	30
<u>Total</u>	<u>100</u>

70 out of a total of 100 required for the award of a medal. The award of merit and honours will not apply.



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