

# The Leinster School of Music & Drama

**Established 1904** 

# Flute Grade Examinations Syllabus

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#### The Leinster School of Music & Drama

#### **Established 1904**

#### "She beckoned to him with her second finger, like one preparing a certificate in pianoforte... at the Leinster School of Music."

Samuel Beckett

Established in 1904 The Leinster School of Music & Drama is now celebrating its centenary year. Its long-standing tradition both as a centre for learning and examining is stronger than ever.

#### **TUITION**

Expert individual tuition is offered in a variety of subjects:

- Singing and Vocal Coaching
- Drama and Communication
- Keyboard
- Woodwind
- Strings

Experienced and dedicated teachers provide excellent tuition to pupils of all ages and levels. The emphasis is on learning through enjoyment, and while exams are encouraged they are not compulsory.

#### **EXAMINATIONS**

As a national examining body the School offers grade and diploma examinations in both music and drama. Almost 1000 teachers nationwide are teaching the School's various syllabuses and preparing students for Leinster School examinations throughout the year. Approximately 14,000 candidates are examined annually - thus the reputation of the School reaches far beyond the city in which it began almost a century ago.

#### A BRIEF HISTORY

September 1904 was an important time musically for Dublin, and for the whole of Ireland. In that year The Leinster School of Music was established in Dublin by Mr Samuel Myerscough, Mus.B.Oxon., F.R.C.O. The following is an extract from The Musical Herald of July 1st 1909.

'The daily grind of teaching is the common lot of almost all professional musicians. Some, it is true, have to teach and advise as well. Happy is the man who does his full meed of teaching and is yet strong and sympathetic enough to help other teachers and their pupils who come to be heard by him. One of these doubly busy men is Mr. S. Myerscough, Mus.Bac.Oxon. A morning spent with him at the Leinster School of Music, Dublin, showed us what a large number of facets are to be seen in one setting. Like a gem, whichever way he turned, he gave a sparkle and brightness that made work light. More genuinely than Lemoine, we discovered his secret and it came in a casual remark. 'From the earliest stages,' he said, 'there must be thinking. In teaching one must take nothing for granted.'

"The work by which Mr. Myerscough will be best remembered is the Leinster School of Music, of which he is the founder and inspiring force. .... Pupils came from as far north as Enniskillen, southwards from Waterford, and across from Galway." This tradition continues to the present day, with students travelling from as far as Derry and Donegal, and from Cork and Kerry.

The school was carried on and developed in Harcourt Street by Miss May Cosgrave, her sister Joan Burke and Miss May McCarron, who spent untold hours generously giving their advice, and teaching teachers the techniques that established standards of a very high quality.

In December 1941 the Department of Education issued full accreditation to the School's Teacher's Music Diploma as qualification for teaching in secondary school.

In the 1950's due in no small part to the Secretary, Joseph O'Neill (also music critic for the Irish Independent) the school was examining 3000 candidates throughout the country and, according to the Irish Art Handbook of 1949 'has become one of the most important influences on the musical life of the country as a teaching and examining body.'

By 1984, the 80th Anniversary year, exciting developments had occurred, not the least being the schools relocation to new premises at 5, Upper Stephen Street, Dublin 8. Under the excellent guidance of the present Director, Miss Sheila Murphy, the number of students had increased to over 20,000 in over 300 centres nationwide.

In September 1998 a further move was made to its present location on Griffith College's seven acre campus, where students can avail of a variety of college facilities as well as the added benefits of new pianos of the highest quality including a full Yamaha concert Grand Piano, the incorporation of the International Yamaha Organ School, and the initiation of new courses, including brass, woodwind, Irish harp and classical guitar.

Students past and present are prominent performers both at national and international level, with appearances at the National Concert Hall and venues throughout Ireland, and many others employed by orchestras and opera companies around the globe. Several members of the current teaching staff are also firmly established in the performance arena. This experience, combined with their depth of teaching knowledge enhances the unique learning experience offered by the School.

The Leinster School celebrated its centenary year in 2004/2005 with a number of workshops and concerts throughout the country showcasing the talent of our students and teachers alike.

#### **General Information & Examination Regulations**

- 1. The examination syllabus has been framed on modern and educational lines, and on a systematic basis of progression through the grades to Diploma.
- 2. Schedule of maximum marks for all Grades:

Scales & Arpeggios	15
Sight-Reading	10
Ear Tests	10
Theory	5
Piece 1	20
Piece 2	20
Piece 3 / Studies*	20

Total

- 3. The grade examinations are marked out of 100. Candidates must secure 85 marks for a first class honours; 80 marks for honours; 75 marks for a pass with merit; and 65 marks for a pass.
- 4. A medal will be awarded to candidates gaining 95 marks in grades from preparatory to Grade 8.

100

- 5. In all examinations, prepared pieces may be heard in full or in part at the discretion of the examiners.
- 6. The examiners in their marking will pay attention not only to accuracy of notes and time, but also to other things inherent in a good performance, for example, choice of tempo, observance of marks of expression, rhythm and phrasing.
- 7. The candidate's selection of music, to reflect a varied and interesting programme, will be taken into account.
- 8. The editions listed in this syllabus are suggested editions. Alternative editions of similar standing are equally as acceptable.
- 9. Accurate tuning of the instrument, volume, clarity and quality of tone, posture and hand positions will all be taken into account in the marking of pieces and studies, scales and arpeggios.
- 10. Scales and arpeggios must be played from memory, at a pace appropriate to the technical demands of the Grade. In all Grades scales and arpeggios should be played legato, and without undue accentuation.
- 11. Candidates should have acquired some skill in vibrato by Grade 5.
- 12. Candidates in all Grades must tune their own instruments. The examiner should not be expected to do this.
- 13. Candidates should provide themselves with a music stand if required.
- 14. The candidate and the teacher must accept the decision of the examiners regarding each candidate unconditionally.

<sup>\*</sup> In Primary & Preparatory three pieces are presented for examination; in Grades 1-8 two pieces & one group of studies are presented.

- 15. The right is reserved to refuse or cancel any entry in which case the examination fee will be returned.
- 16. Examinations are held annually at local centres throughout Ireland.
- 17. Entry forms, with particulars filled in and accompanied by fees, must reach The Leinster School of Music & Drama by November 1st, for examinations to be held before the Christmas period; February 1st, for examinations to be held before the Easter period; and March 1st, for examinations to be held after the Easter period.
- 18. Any school or teacher presenting at least twenty candidates for examination in any one subject may secure a local centre for that subject. Those presenting fewer than twenty candidates may obtain a centre by paying the equivalent to the fees of twenty candidates, or alternatively can send their candidates to the nearest existing centre.
- 19. Fees are fixed on the assumption that the venue for examination will be provided by the school or teacher.
- 20. If through illness a candidate is unable to attend the examination at the appointed time, re-entry will be allowed for the same grade on payment of a transfer fee of €3, or for a higher grade on payment of the difference in fees plus a transfer fee of €3. Candidates who have been in contact with an infectious illness must not be presented for examinations unless they are out of quarantine.
- 21. Heads of schools or centres are requested to ensure that the room assigned for the examinations has satisfactory heat and light, and that a suitable piano or a digital piano is provided for the examination.
- 22. Please allow 3-4 weeks for the processing of exam results, especially at busy times of the year. We do our best to expedite all results on a first come, first served basis, but exams held after mid-May may not have results returned before the end of the school year. Responsibility is not accepted for loss of mark cards after dispatch by post. Where cards have been lost, the total marks obtained, but not their details, will be supplied on application.



# The Leinster School of Music & Drama

**Established 1904** 

# Flute Grade Examinations Syllabus

Schedule of maximum marks		
Scales, Arpeggios / Technique	15	
Sight-Reading	10	
Ear Tests	10	
Theory	5	
Pieces 1	20	
2	20	
3	20	

Note range: Low D - middle A

#### **Scales & Arpeggios / Technique**

Triads and pentachords: D maj. & min, E maj. & min, F maj. & min, G maj & min, A maj. & min, C maj. & min

from middle C, and D maj. & min from middle D:

Play the tonic triad followed by the pentachord ascending and descending, slurring

and tonguing. Each major key to be followed immediately by its minor. See

example

Octave leaps: tongued, from D - A in chromatic order.

#### **Sight-Reading**

An 8-bar piece in D, F, or G major within the range of notes specified using crotchet, quaver, and minim values.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1. To clap the rhythm of a short phrase. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm which may include crotchets, minims and dotted minims.
- 3. To clap along as soon possible with the pulse of a short piece played by the examiner which will not be played more than three times. To state whether the fragment is in 2 or 3 time.
- 4. To sing, whistle or hum a short rhythmical phrase (major only). The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic and tonic triad will be sounded before each playing.

#### **Theory**

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

#### **Pieces**

Choose any three pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Humming Song

from Learn as you Play by Peter Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

2. Chorus

from Learn as you Play by Peter Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

3. Cantilena

f rom Learn as you Play by Peter Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

4. No. 2 Minuet

from A very Easy Flute Treasury ed. Trevor Wye / Novello

5. No. 42, 1 Dawn

from A very Easy Flute Treasury ed. Trevor Wye / Novello

6. No 1. Gavotte

from Forty Little Pieces ed. Louis Moyse / G. Schirmer

7. No 6. Melody

from Forty Little Pieces ed. Louis Moyse / G. Schirmer

8. No 45 The Bear went over the Mountain

from Abracadabra Flute ed. Pollock / A & C Black

9. No 48 Morning has broken

from Abracadabra Flute ed. Pollock / A & C Black

10. No 34 Scarborough Fair and 35 Shepherds' Hey

from Abracadabra Flute ed. Pollock / A & C Black

11. Country Gardens or Little Brown Jug.

from Making the Grade vol 1 ed. Frith / Chester

**Robert Schumann** 

**Christoph Willibald Gluck** 

Johann Wilhelm Gabrielski

François Philidor

Alan Ridout

Johann Sebastian Bach

Robert Schumann

**Traditional** 

**Traditional** 

**Traditional** 

**Traditional** 

Schedule of maximum marks

Scales & Arpeggios / Technique 15
Sight-Reading 10
Ear Tests 10
Theory 5
Studies 20
Pieces 1 20
2

Note range: Low C - high C

#### **Scales & Arneggios / Technique**

Scales & Arpeggios: D maj. & min, E min.only, F maj only, A min.only, G maj. & min, B-flat maj. only. (all

minors harmonic)

Play the 9-note scale ascending and descending followed by the arpeggio to the 10<sup>th</sup> (in B-flat maj. arpeggio to the octave and down to the dominant) all slurred *or* in

twos. See example.

Thirds: D, G, & F majors: play thirds ascending and descending one octave, slurred in 8-

note groups.

#### **Sight-Reading**

An 8-bar piece in D, F, B-flat, or C major, or A minor, within the range prescribed, using crotchet, quaver, and minim values.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm in simple 2, 3, 4 and compound duple time, and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm that may include quavers, crotchets, minims, dotted-minims, crotchet and minim rests.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum a two or three bar phrase played in a major or minor key. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic and tonic triad will be sounded before each playing.
- 4. To recognise any interval from a major 2<sup>nd</sup>, major 3<sup>rd</sup>, minor 3<sup>rd</sup>, perfect 4<sup>th</sup> and perfect 5<sup>th</sup>. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic will be sounded before each playing.

#### **Theory**

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

#### Studies

Choose **one** from the following list:

1. Exercise 1 Unit 12 (p. 30)

from Learn As you Play ed. Wastall / Boosey / Hawkes

2. No. 2, 6, or 8

from 63 Easy Melodic Studies ed. Hunt / Pan Educational

3. No 9 or 11

from 76 Graded Studies ed. Harris & Adams / Faber

4. No. 59 or 66

from Abracadabra Flute ed. Pollock / A & C Black

#### **Pieces**

Choose **any two** pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Minuet (p.40) Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart from *Learn as you Play* by Peter Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

2. No. 14. Minuet Michel Blavet

from A very Easy Flute Treasury ed. Wye / Novello

3. No.19. Polichinel François Philidor

from *A very Easy Flute Treasury* ed. Wye / Novello

4. No. 41 Daydreaming

C. Hand

from A very Easy Flute Treasury ed. Wye / Novello

5. No. 42, 2 Morning

Alan Ridout

from *A very Easy Flute Treasury* ed. Wye / Novello

6. Greensleeves *or* The Gift to be Simple

Traditional

from Making the Grade vol 2 ed. Frith / Faber

7. Moderato
from Music Through Time vol 2 ed. Harris & Adams / OUP
Giuseppe Concone

8. Allegretto Franz Joseph Haydn from Music Through Time vol 2 ed. Harris & Adams / OUP

9. Spring Gardens William Boyce from Music Through Time vol 2 ed. Harris & Adams / OUP

10. Gavotte Michel Blavet

from Flute solos vol 1 ed. Wye / Chester

11. Air

Johann Krieger

from Flautists Choice vol 2 ed. De Smet / Fentone

12. It was a lover & his lass
from Flautists Choice vol 2 ed. De Smet / Fentone

Thomas Morley

13. What is Beauty from Flautists Choice vol 2 ed. De Smet / Fentone Thomas Greaves

14. Bliss Franz Schubert

from Amazing flute solos ed. Harrison / Boosey & Hawkes

from *Amazing flute solos* ed. Harrison / Boosey & Hawkes **15. America Leonard Bernstein** 

Schedule of maximum marks

Scales & Arpeggios / Technique 15
Sight-Reading 10
Ear Tests 10
Theory 5
Studies 20
Pieces 1 20
2 20

Note range: low C - high G

#### **Scales & Arpeggios / Technique**

Scale/arpeggio combinations: In G, F, C, & D majors, and G, D, & E harmonic minors: in 2 octaves,

slurred or tongued. See example. In A maj. 9-note scale and arpeggio as in

Grade 2. See example

Thirds: In F, C, & D majors: thirds ascending and descending slurred or tongued in 2

octaves.

Chromatic scale: One octave from middle C slurred in 4s or 3s.

#### **Sight-Reading**

An 8-bar piece within the prescribed range using quaver, crotchet, minim, and dotted values, in the keys required for Scales, Arpeggios and Technique.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm played in simple or compound time, and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm that may include quavers, crotchets, minims, dotted minims, semibreves and their rests.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum a melodic phrase beginning and ending on the key note. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic and tonic triad will be sounded before each playing.
- 4. To recognise intervals from the major scale and to include a minor 3<sup>rd</sup>. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic will be sounded before each playing.

#### **Theory**

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

#### Studies

Choose **one** from the following list:

1. Study 4 (p. 54)

from Learn as you Play ed. Wastall/ Boosey & Hawkes

2. 27 or 31

from 76 Graded Studies / Harris & Adams/ Faber

3. 24 or 25 or 18 and 19.

from 63 Easy Melodic Studies ed. Hunt Pan Educational:

4. 44 or 45

from 125 Easy Classical Studies ed. Vester:/ Universal Wind series

#### **Pieces**

Choose **any two** pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. No. 2 Sonnet Johannes Brahms

from Flautists Choice Grade 3 ed de Smet / Fentone

No. 4 Prithee Pretty Maiden

Arthur Sullivan

2. No. 4 Prithee Pretty Maiden from Flautists Choice Grade 3 ed de Smet / Fentone Arthur Sullivan

3. No 8, Joshua Fought the Battle of Jericho Traditional

from Flautists Choice grade 2 ed. De Smet / Fentone

4. No 12, O Willo Willo Willo from Flautists Choice grade 2 ed. De Smet / Fentone

Anon.

5. No. 16 Vilanelle from Nuits d'Été Hector Berlioz

from Flautists Choice grade 2 ed. De Smet / Fentone

6. Melody from Ichliebe Dich from Learn as you Play ed. Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

7. No. 30 Allegro Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart from 40 Little Pieces ed. Moyse / G.Schirmer

8. No. 36 Moment Musicale Franz Schubert

8. No. 36 Moment Musicale from 40 Little Pieces ed. Moyse / G.Schirmer

9. No. 4 Andante from Flute Solos vol 1 ed. Wye / Chester

10. No. 9 Nel Cor Piu Giovanni Paisiello from Flute Solos vol 1 ed. Wye / Chester

11. No. 6 Vivace
from First Repertoire Pieces ed. Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

Jean Baptiste Loiellet

12. No. 11 Allegro Benedetto Marcello

from First Repertoire Pieces ed. Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

13. No. 14 Allegro

Antonio Vivaldi

from First Repertoire Pieces ed. Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

**14. Yesterday**from Making the Grade 3 ed. Frith / Chester

**15. Jeannie with the Light Brown Hair** from *Making the Grade 3* ed. Frith / Chester

Note range: low C - high A

# Schedule of maximum marks Scales & Arpeggios / Technique 15 Sight-Reading 10 Ear Tests 10 Theory 5 Studies 20 Pieces 1 20 2

#### **Scales & Arpeggios / Technique**

Scale/Arpeggio combinations: In A, E, & E-flat maj., and A, D, & F-sharp melodic min. See

example for Grade 3.

Thirds: E-flat, A, & B-flat majors, thirds ascending and descending in

dotted rhythm all tongued.

Patterns: In G major, pattern 1-2-3-1 in two octaves. See example.

Dominant Sevenths: In 2 octaves resolving on the tonic by upward steps from D, G, & F.

See example.

Chromatic scale: from G in two octaves grouped in 4s alternately slurred and tongued

#### **Sight-Reading**

A piece of Grade 1 standard.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm played in simple or compound time, and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm that may include quavers, crotchets, minims, dotted minims, semibreves and their rests.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum the top or bottom note of an interval (to include all major, perfect and minor 3rds and minor 6ths). The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic will be sounded before each playing.
- 4. Observation test on a short piece played by the examiner. Questions will be selected beforehand and may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics and gradations of tone.

#### **Theory**

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

#### Studies

Choose **one** from the following list:

1. No. 45, 52, or 54

from 63 Easy Melodic Studies ed. Hunt /Pan Educational

2. No. 15. 24. or 3

from Flute Players companion Vol 1 ed.Blakeman / Chester

3. No. 2

from 45 Progressive Melodic Studies ed. Hunt / Pan Educational

4. No. 43 or 44

from 76 Graded Studies ed. Harris & Adams / Faber

#### **Pieces**

Choose **any two** pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Original rags from Amazing Flute Solos ed. Harrison / Boosey & Hawkes

2. Seguidilla Georges Bizet

from Amazing Flute Solos ed. Harrison / Boosey & Hawkes

3. No. 9 Entr'acte
from Flautists Choice Vol 3 ed. De Smet / Fentone

Georges Bizet

4. Prelude in E mai Johann Sebastian Bach

from Time Pieces 3 ed. Denley / Associated Board

5. Sicilienne

Maria Theresia von Paradis

from *Time Pieces 3* ed. Denley / Associated Board

6. No. 1 Sicilienne Michel Blavet

from Flute solos Vol 3 ed. Wye / Chester

7. No.3 Gavotte and Aria Jean Baptiste Loiellet from Flute solos Vol 3 ed. Wye / Chester

8. No.7 Solo from Scaramouche from Flute solos Vol 3 ed. Wye / Chester

9. Bavarian Dance Edward Elgar from *Time Pieces 3* ed. Denley / Associated Board

**10. Gavotte**from *Time Pieces 3* ed. Denley / Associated Board

Serge Prokoffiev

11. No. 8 Minuet Georg Philippe Telemann

from First Repertoire Pieces ed. Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

12. No.10 Giga Georg Frideric Handel

from First Repertoire Pieces ed. Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

13. No.18 Romance

Charles le Thiere

from First Repertoire Pieces ed. Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

14. Sinfonia

Johann Sebastian Bach

from The The Young Flautist vol 2 ed. Lawton / OUP

15. Sicilienne from Sicilienne / Chester

Gabriel Fauré

16. Berceuse from Dolly suite op. 56
From A Faure flute Allbum / ed. Wye (Novello)

Gabriel Fauré

Schedule of maximum marks

Scales & Arpeggios / Technique 15
Sight-Reading 10
Ear Tests 10
Theory 5
Pieces 1 20
2 20
3 20

Note range: Low C - high B

#### **Scales & Arpeggios**

Scale/Arpeggio Combinations: D-flat maj. and G, A, D, & E melodic min. See example Grade 3

Moyse Scales: (Starting on the tonic ,up to B, down to low C, back to tonic)

G maj. & min, (harmonic *or* melodic): slurred in 4s.

Thirds: A-flat & D-flat maj., thirds ascending and descending in dotted rhythm all

tongued.

Patterns: E & F major, pattern 1-2-3-1 in dotted rhythm tongued or slurred.

Dominant Sevenths: In 2 octaves resolving on the tonic by upward steps from C, E, & E-flat.

See example Gd. 4

Chromatic Scales: From A in 2 octaves grouped in fours alternately slurred and tongued

#### **Sight-Reading**

A piece of Grade 2 standard.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm of suitable standard and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** phrase of suitable standard.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum a short melody played twice by the examiner.
- 4. Observation test on a short piece played by the examiner. Questions will be selected beforehand and may include tempo, tempo changes, articulation, dynamics and gradations of tone.

#### Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, and tell what period they come from.

#### **Pieces**

Choose **one** piece from each of the following lists for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

#### **List One**

1. No. 63

from 63 Easy Melodic Studies ed. Hunt / Pan Educational

2. No 14, 35, or 38

from The Flute Player's companion Vol I ed. Blakeman / Chester

3. No. 5 or 9

from Jazz singles / Stokes / Hunt Edition

4. No. 1 or 7

from 45 Melodic & Progressive Studies ed. Hunt / Pan Educational

5. No. 29, 40, or 41

from 100 Classical Studies ed. Vester / Universal Wind Series

6. Cantiga Morisca or Study / R. Stewart

from A Fauré Flute Album ed. Wye (Novello):

from Modern English Flute Studies Pan Educational Music (PEM5)

#### **List Two**

(from any reputable edition)

1.	Sonata 6: Adagio <u>or</u> Allemand	Michel Blavet
2.	Sonata V: Adagio and Vivace	Jean Baptiste Loiellet
3.	Sonata in F major: movements 2 & 3	Georg Frideric Handel
4.	Sonata in C: Movement 1 or 3	Georg Frideric Handel
5.	Sonata in G minor: Movement 2	Georg Frideric Handel
6.	Suite in A minor: movement 5	Georg Philippe Telemann
7.	Sonata in C: Grave and Vivace	Georg Philippe Telemann
8.	Sonata 2: Siciliano	Johann Sebastian Bach
9.	Sonata 3: Largo	Johann Sebastian Bach
10.	Sonata 5: Andante	Johann Sebastian Bach
11.	Partita in C minor: Sarabande or Gigue	Johann Sebastian Bach

#### **List Three**

1.	Prelude	Lennox Berkeley
2.	from <i>Time Pieces Vol</i> 3 ed. Denley / Associated Board <b>Rhumba / Horovitz no 35</b>	Joseph Horowitz
	from A Very Easy Flute Treasury ed. Wye / Novello	•
3.	Aria or Prelude	John Rutter
	from Suite Antique / Rutter / OUP	
4.	Pastorale/Drumartin Music	Joseph Groocock
	Drummartin Music	•
5.	Berceuse op. 16	Gabriel Fauré

Note range: Low C - high B

# Schedule of maximum marks Scales & Arpeggios / Technique 15 Sight-Reading 10 Ear Tests 10 Theory 5 Pieces 1 20 2 20 3 20

#### **Scales & Arpeggios / Technique**

Moyse Scales: F & D maj. & min. in either form, slur 4 tongue 4.

Combination Scale/Arpeggio: B-flat, A-flat, A majors; F, F-sharp, A melodic minors. See example grade 3

Thirds: B-flat maj. ascending and descending slurred completely or in twos, in dotted

rhythm.

Patterns: 1-2-3-1 in a rhythm of your choice in E-flat. See example grade 3.

Dominant Sevenths: Starting on the dominant note to highest possible and lowest possible note

and resolving to the tonic: from B-flat, A-flat, A, & B.

Diminished Sevenths: From low C two octaves.

Chromatic Scales: From B-flat 2 octaves grouped in fours alternately slurred and tongued.

#### **Sight-Reading**

A piece of Grade 3 standard.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1a. To clap a **four bar** rhythm of suitable standard and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner. If the stated time signature is incorrect the examiner will announce the correct one and proceed to 1b.
- 1b. To identify time values within the marked sections.
- 2. To state whether a triad is major or minor and in root position or 1st inversion.
- 3. To recognise a cadence at the end of a phrase played twice by the examiner as perfect or plagal.
- 4. Observation test on a piece played by the examiner. Questions may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics, gradations of tone, articulation and recognition of major and minor tonality.

#### **Theory**

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, tell what period they come from, and give some details about the composers.

#### **Pieces**

Choose **one** piece from each of the following lists for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

#### **List One**

1. Study / G. Walker (p. 2)

from Modern English Studies / Pan Educational Music (PEM5)

2. No. 4

from Jazz singles / Stokes / Hunt Edition

3. No. 27

from Progressive Jazz Studies vol 2 / Rae / Faber

4. No. 1, 8, 9, 11, or 17)

from Bach for Unaccompanied Flute / Spiegl / OUP

5. No. 19

from 100 Classical Studies ed. Vester / Universal Wind Series

#### **List Two**

(from any reputable edition)

1.	Sonata in C: mov. 2	Georg Frideric Handel
2.	Suite in A minor: Overture, to end of con moto	Georg Philippe Telemann
3.	Partita in C minor: Preludio	Johann Sebastian Bach
4.	Sonata 6: Allegro or Siciliano	Johann Sebastian Bach
5.	Sonata 4: mov. 2 Allegro	Johann Sebastian Bach
6.	Sonata 2: first mov	Johann Sebastian Bach
7.	Andante in C	Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart
8.	Concerto in D, mov. 2	Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart
9.	Dance of the Blessed Spirits	Christophe Willibald Gluck

#### **List Three**

1.	Aria for flute & piano	Jacques Ibert

from Alphonse Leduc Series

2. Summer Music no 1. /Novello Richard Rodney Bennett from Summer Music For Flute And Piano / Novello

3. Vocalise Sergei Rachmaninov

from *Vocalise* 5ergei Rachmani from *Vocalise op.34* ed. R. de Smet / Fentone

**4. Ostinato** from Suite Antique for Flute and Piano / OUP

5. Sonatina, Mov. 1 Christopher Norton

from *Flute Sonatina*, Boosey & Hawkes **6. Romance**, **1 Robert Schumann** 

from 3 Romances op. 94 / G. Schirmer

7. Fantaisie; Andantino only

Gabriel Fauré

from Fantaisie / Chester / Leduc

8. Morceau de Concours

Gabriel Fauré

from Morceau de Concours / Bourne Co. N.Y

9. Idyll
from Suite de Trois Morceaux ed.Wye / Chester

Benjamin Godard

Schedule of maximum marks

Scales & Arpeggios / Technique 15
Sight-Reading 10
Ear Tests 10
Theory 5
Pieces 1 20
2 20
3 20

Note range: Low C - Top C

#### **Scales & Arpeggios / Technique**

Moyse Scales: (See Grade 5) A, E-flat maj & min. harmonic & melodic, & D-flat maj, only. Tongue 4 slur 4.

Combination Scale/Arpeggio: All keys maj, & min except B & F-sharp. See example grade 3.

Thirds: E maj in dotted rhythm

Patterns: 1-3-4-3, Double tongue 2 to a note: G maj. two octaves.

Dominant Sevenths: Starting on the dominant note to the highest possible and the lowest possible

note resolving to the tonic: from B, A-flat, & E.

Diminished Sevenths: From low C-sharp - high B-flat ascending and descending

Whole tone Scale: From low C to high B-flat followed by the augmented triad in the same range

ascending and descending.

Chromatic Scales: From low C - top C ascending and descending, double-tonguing and slurring

alternate groups of 4.

#### **Sight-Reading**

A piece of Grade 4 standard.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1a. To clap a **four bar** rhythm of suitable standard and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner. If the stated time signature is incorrect the examiner will announce the correct one and proceed to 1b.
- 1b. To identify time values within the marked sections.
- 2. To state whether a triad is major or minor and in root position or 1st inversion.
- 3. To recognise a cadence at the end of a phrase played twice by the examiner as perfect or plagal.
- 4. Observation test on a piece played by the examiner. Questions may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics, gradations of tone, articulation and recognition of major and minor tonality.

#### **Theory**

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, tell what period and style they represent, and give some details about the composers.

#### **Pieces**

Choose **one** piece from each of the following lists for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

#### **List One**

1. Study / Reynolds; Tonguing Study / Hunt from Modern English Studies Hunt / Pan Educational Music (PEM5)

2. Nos. 5, 7, or 15

from Bach for Unaccompanied Flute ed. Spiegl / OUP

3. No. 44 or 45

from 45 Progressive Melodic Studies ed. Hunt / Pan Educational

#### **List Two**

(from any reputable edition)

1.	Sonata in G minor op 3 no.3, 2 <sup>nd</sup> mov.	Jean Baptiste Loiellet
2.	Concerto in D maj. 1 <sup>st</sup> mov.	Georg Philippe Telemann
3.	Sonata 1: Presto to bar 83 only	Johann Sebastian Bach
4.	Sonata 3: Allegro	Johann Sebastian Bach
5.	Sonata 5: Allegro, last mov.	Johann Sebastian Bach
6.	Sonata 6: Allegro Assai	Johann Sebastian Bach
7.	Concerto in G 1st mov. without cadenza	Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart
8.	Concerto in G, 1st or last mov. without cadenzas	Christophe Willibald Gluck

#### **List Three**

1.	Sonatina; mov 3	<b>Christopher Norton</b>
2.	from Flute Sonatina, Boosey & Hawkes Schone Rosmarin	Fritz Kreisler
3.	from The Magic Flute of James Galway / Novello Sonata op 97, mov. 3	Sir Lennox Berkeley
4.	from Sonata for Flute & Piano, Chester  Sonatina, 1st mov	Sir Lennox Berkeley
5.	from Sonatina for Treble Recorder or Flute / Schott Sonata, 1st mov	Paul Hindemith
6.	from Sonata for Flute and Piano /Schott Suite: No. 2 Scherzo	Charles Marie Widor
7.	from Suite Op.34 (Flute & Piano) Heugel / UMP  Ballade, 1st mov. Adagio only	Carl Reinecke
	from Durand or Zimmermann ZM 19910  Reverie	André Caplet
	from International 2210 Sonata, 2 <sup>nd</sup> mov	Francis Poulenc
	from Poulenc: Sonata for Flute and Piano / Chester	Albert Roussel
10.	Andante only from Andante and Scherzo, Op. 51- for Flute and Piano / Durand	AINGIT KON2261

Schedule of maximum mark	(S
Scales & Arpeggios / Technique	15
Sight-Reading	10
Ear Tests	10
Theory	5
Pieces 1	20
2	20
3	20

#### **Scales & Arneggios**

You may choose your own rhythm and articulation patterns in all the following except the chromatic scale.

Moyse Scales: (See Grade 5) E & A-flat maj; G-sharp & B-flat minor harmonic and melodic

Combination Scales/Arpeggios: B, F-sharp maj, C-sharp min. either form. See example grade 3.

Patterns: 1-3-4-3, A-flat maj. *or* E-flat maj.

Dominant Sevenths: Starting on the dominant note to highest possible and lowest possible note,

resolving to the tonic: all keys.

Diminished Sevenths: From low D - high B ascending and descending

Chromatic Scale: Double tongue 2 to a note from low C three 8ves ascending and descending.

Whole tone scale: From low C-sharp - high B ascending and descending followed by the

augmented triad in the same range.

#### **Sight-Reading**

A piece of Grade 6 standard.

#### **Ear Tests**

- 1. To sing, whistle or hum the lower part of a two part phrase. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To recognise a cadence at the end of a phrase played twice by the examiner as perfect plagal, imperfect or interrupted.
- 3. To recognise the modulation from a major key to its dominant, sub-dominant or relative-minor.
- 4. Observation test on a piece played by the examiner. Questions may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics, gradations of tone, articulation, recognition of major and minor tonality, general character and form, the principal modulations, period and style with a general knowledge of Sonata Form, Fugue and Rondo.

#### Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, tell what period and style they represent, and give some details about the composers.

#### **Pieces**

Choose a varied program of **three movements** from pieces by the following composers. One piece must be unaccompanied and three composers must be represented. Candidates must introduce each piece stating; the title, the movement, the composer, date written, period & style, any unusual features and why they chose it.

- 1. Johann Sebastian Bach
- 2. Carl Philipp Emmanuel Bach
- 3. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart
- 4. Georg Frideric Handel
- 5. Georg Philippe Telemann
- 6. César Franck
- 7. Francis Poulenc
- 8. Paul Hindemith
- 9. Arthur Honegger
- 10. Claude Debussy
- 11. Charles Marie Widor
- 12. Russell Stokes
- 13. John Rutter
- 14. Franz Schubert

#### **Junior & Senior Repertoire Recital Programmes**

Performers are expected to present a balanced recital programme of their own choice, lasting 15-20 minutes for the Junior Repertoire and 40-45 minutes for the Senior Repertoire.

The Junior Repertoire selection should contain pieces of at least grade 5 standard while the Senior Repertoire should contain pieces of at least grade 8 standard.

The candidate's selection of music, to reflect a varied and interesting programme, will be taken into account.

The candidate's programme, typed in the order of performance, must be submitted at least **two months** before the examination.

The candidate will be expected to give a brief introduction to each piece during the recital.

It should be noted that this recital examination is open to members of the public and candidates are encouraged to invite friends and relatives.

The Junior & Senior Repertoire Recital Programmes will be marked as follows:

(a)	Technical Ability	30%
(b)	Interpretation	40%
(c)	Overall Impression & Choice of Programme	30%

Maximum Marks 100, Passing Marks 65

#### **Certificate of Proficiency in Teaching**

#### **Paper Work**

#### Schedule of maximum marks

Aural Training &
General Musicianship 40
History 30
Analysis 30

#### **Aural Training & General Musicianship**

Candidates will be asked a range of questions covering the following topics:

- 1. Ornamentation
- 2. Transposition (key to key)
- 3. Building and naming of major, minor, augmented and diminished chords and triads in root position and their inversions, on any degree of the major and minor scales
- 4. Time and grouping of notes
- 5. Words and marks of expression, etc.

#### History

Candidates will be expected to study **one** of the following historic periods:

- 1. 1685-1800
- 2. 1800-1900

The influence of the Great Masters on the development of music rather than their individual lives and a knowledge of the forms and style that developed will form the basis of the questions.

A choice of questions will be given, covering both sections.

#### **Analysis**

A general practical analysis of a given short **unseen** composition, appropriate to the instrument chosen. The questions will test the candidate's knowledge of major, minor, augmented, and diminished chords and triads and their inversions (including dominant 7<sup>th</sup> chords), cadences, keys and modulations, form and structure.

#### **Certificate of Proficiency in Teaching**

### Flute Practical Work

Schedule of maximum r	narks
Sight-Reading Teaching Methods Aural Training &	12 26
General Musicianship Scales & Arpeggios Pieces	12 20 30

#### **Sight-Reading**

To play a piece at of Grade 6 standard.

#### **Teaching Methods**

Candidates will be asked to give a practical demonstration and discuss methods of teaching under the following headings:

- 1. Breathing techniques and exercises
- 2. Holding the instrument and good posture
- 3. Blowing
- 4. Tone development and introducing higher notes
- 5. Fingering exercises
- 6. Dealing with rhythm and counting.
- 7. Repertoire and choice of tutors for beginners
- 8. Studies and pieces for advancing students.
- 9. Scales and arpeggio exercises and general technique
- 10. Knowledge of standard repertoire up to Grade 6 standard
- 11. Exams why and when to do them

#### **Aural Training & General Musicianship**

- 1. To recognise major, minor, diminished and augmented triads, played in close root position, and be able to sing, whistle or hum any of the notes requested by the examiner.
- 2. To recognise and name perfect, plagal, imperfect (I-V only) and interrupted (V-VI) cadences played in root position.
- 3. To clap the rhythm of a phrase, not exceeding four bars in length, in simple duple or triple time. To beat the time of this phrase while it is played by the examiner.
- 4. To sing, whistle or hum a short melodic phrase, not exceeding four bars in length, in simple duple or simple triple time, after it has been played by the examiner.
- 5. To sing, whistle or hum the upper part of a short two-part phrase played three times by the examiner.

#### **Scales & Arpeggios**

All major and minor scales and arpeggios and dominant sevenths in two octaves.

#### Diarae

To prepare **two** pieces of the candidate's choice, up to and including Grade 7.

#### **Professional Diploma for Teachers**

#### **Paper Work**

#### **Paper 1: Rudiments of Music & Harmony**

#### Schedule of maximum marks

Aural Training &
General Musicianship 30
Harmony 40
Contrapuntal Harmony 30

#### **Aural Training & General Musicianship**

Questions will be asked on some of the following elements:

- 1. Ornamentation
- 2. Transposition (key to key, open and close score, and transposing instruments)
- 3. Intervals (basic, compound, and inversions)
- 4. Write and recognise triads in all positions and qualities (eg. major 1st inversion)
- 5. Scales and keys
- 6. Time and grouping of notes

#### **Harmony**

Two questions, not exceeding 16 bars, will be set from the following three topics – **one** to be answered:

- 1. Four-part writing in the style of a Chorale or Hymn Tune
- 2. To realise a Figured Bass
- 3. Four-part String Quartet style

The candidate will be expected to show a good knowledge of major and minor common chords, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, secondary 7<sup>th</sup>, augmented and diminished chords and their inversions, passing notes, auxiliary notes, suspensions, and modulations. An aptitude for formal structure and style should also be demonstrated.

#### **Contrapuntal Harmony**

Two-part writing, adding a part above or below a given part in **one** of the following styles, not exceeding 12 bars:

- 1. In imitation
- 2. Adding a rhythmic flowing part (eg. using continuous guaver movement)

The candidate will be expected to show a good knowledge of major and minor common chords, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, secondary 7<sup>th</sup>, augmented and diminished chords and their inversions, passing notes, auxiliary notes, suspensions, and modulations. An aptitude for formal structure and style should also be demonstrated.

#### **Professional Diploma for Teachers**

#### **Paper Work**

#### **Paper 2: Teaching Methods, History & Analysis**

# Schedule of maximum marks Teaching Methods 40 History 30 Analysis 30

#### **Teaching Methods**

This question will be in **two** parts, Section A and Section B. **One** question to be answered from **each** section.

Section A will include questions chosen from the following topics:

- 1. Style
- 2. Interpretation
- 3. Aural training
- 4. Time and grouping of notes
- 5. Sight-reading
- 6. Lesson planning (including appropriate pieces and/or tutors)

Section B relates to the candidate's chosen instrument and will include questions chosen from the following topics:

- 1. Technique
- 2. Repertoire
- 3. A knowledge of the characteristic features of their instrument

#### **History**

Candidates will be expected to study **one** of the following historic periods:

- 1. 1685-1800
- 2. 1800-1900
- 3. 20<sup>th</sup> century

A knowledge of style, form and development of the chosen period, with specific reference to composers and their works is expected.

A choice of questions will be given.

#### **Analysis**

A general practical analysis of a given short **unseen** composition, appropriate to the instrument chosen. The questions will test the candidate's knowledge of style, form, chords, cadences, modulation, and performance directions including Italian, French and German terms and abbreviations.

#### **Professional Diploma for Teachers**

## **Flute**Practical Work

	Schedule of maximum marks	
	Sight-Reading Teaching Methods Aural Training &	12 26
	General Musicianship	12
	Scales & Arpeggios	20
	Performance	30

#### **Sight-Reading**

Half an hour before the examination candidates will be given a piece of sight-reading to study in preparation for performance during the examination.

#### **Teaching Methods**

Candidates will be asked to give a practical demonstration and discuss methods of teaching under the following headings:

- 1. Repertoire from beginners onwards, including studies and pieces for all grades and knowledge of the works of the great teachers and players of the past and present.
- 2. Breathing and posture
- 3. Techniques of tonguing, phrasing, harmonics, gradation and variety of tone colour, and vibrato.
- 4. Dealing with difficulties of rhythm and counting.
- 5. Methods of scale and arpeggio studies and demonstration of these.
- 6. Stylistic interpretation of pieces from different periods, and techniques required.
- 7. Resource books of flute playing, history, and repertoire.

#### **Aural Training & General Musicianship**

- 1. To recognise the name and position of major, minor, augmented and diminished triads and be able to sing, whistle or hum any of the notes.
- 2. To recognise perfect, plagal, imperfect (I-V, II-V, IV-V or VI-V) and interrupted (V-VI) cadences in a short passage played by the examiner.
- 3. To clap or tap the rhythm of a short passage played twice, and then to state whether the time signature is simple duple, triple, quadruple or compound duple.
- 4. To sing, whistle or hum a four bar melody played by the examiner, the key first having been stated and the key-chord played. The passage will be played three times.
- 5. To sing, whistle or hum the upper or lower part of a short two-part melodic phrase. The passage will be played three times.
- 6. To recognise and name the keys of a major key passage modulating from its tonic to one of its related keys, dominant, sub-dominant or relative minor.

#### **Scales & Arpeggios**

All major and minor scales in Moyse pattern, all arpeggios and dominant sevenths using the full range of the flute.

#### **Performance**

The candidate should have detailed familiarity with all standard repertoire for flute, including studies, and particularly unaccompanied repertoire.

Choose 1 study from the following composers:

- Andersen op. 33 or 60
- Garibaldi 15 etudes modernes, elegants, et progressives
- Kohler op. 33 book 2 or 3
- Karg-Elert 30 caprices
- Furstenau op 107 or op. 15.

Choose two excerpts of not more than 10 minutes total from the works of the following composers and introduce them, referring to style, period, and technical matters.

- 1. Aaron Copland
- 2. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart (concertos only)
- 3. Sergei Prokoffiev
- 4. Henri Dutillieux
- 5. Georges Enesco
- 6. Philippe Gaubert
- 7. Albert Roussel
- 8. Gabriel Fauré (Fantaisie only)
- 9. Carl Reinecke
- 10. Johann Sebastian Bach (Sonatas or Cantata excerpts)
- 11. Cécile Chaminade
- 12. Charles Marie Widor
- 13. Frédérique Martin
- 14. Francis Poulenc
- 15. Eugéne Bozza

The Leinster School of Music & Drama Flute Grade Examinations Syllabus

### The Leinster School of Music & Drama

Griffith College Campus South Circular Road, Dublin 8. Tel: (01) 415 0466 Fax: (01) 4549 265 E-mail: leinster.exams@gcd.ie Web: www.gcd.ie/lsmd