

The Leinster School of Music & Drama

Established 1904

Clarinet Grade Grade Examinations Syllabus

Schedule of maximum marks		
Scales, Arpeggios	15	
Sight-Reading	10	
Ear Tests	10	
Theory	5	
Pieces 1	20	
2	20	
3	20	

Scales & Arpeggios

Scales & Arpeggios: G major,1 octave, tongued and slurred.

F major, 1 octave, tongued and slurred.

A minor, 1 octave, tongued and slurred, harmonic or melodic

Sight-Reading

A short piece within the range of the scales using crotchet, quaver and minim values. See example page

Ear Tests

- 1. To clap the rhythm of a short phrase. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm which may include crotchets, minims and dotted minims.
- 3. To clap along as soon possible with the pulse of a short piece played by the examiner which will not be played more than three times. To state whether the fragment is in 2 or 3 time.
- 4. To sing, whistle or hum a short rhythmical phrase (major only). The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic and tonic triad will be sounded before each playing.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

Choose **any three** pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Aria

from Learn as you Play Clarinet , Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

2. Riding On A Donkey

from First Book of Clarinet Solos, arr. Davies and Reade (Faber)

3. Emperor of Germany's March

f rom Learn as you Play Clarinet by Wastall / Boosey & Hawkes

4. Allemande

from Clarinet Music for Beginners, editio Musica Budapest (z.6851)

5. Rigadoun

from First Pieces for B Flat Clarinet Book 1, (OUP)

6. The Carman's Whistle

from The Joy of Clarinet, Yorktown Music Press (No. YK 21038)

7. Promenade

from Summer Sketches for Clarinet & Piano, Boosey & Hawkes

8 No 2

from Elementary School for Clarinet (p.3), Peters

9. Lullaby

from The Really Easy Clarinet Book, arr. Davies& Harris (Faber)

Christoph Willibald Gluck

Anon.

Jeremiah Clarke

C. Gervaise

Henry Purcell

William Byrd

Paul Harris

Friedrich Demnitz

Carl Maria von Weber

Schedule of maximum marks	
Scales & Arpeggios	15
Sight-Reading Ear Tests	10 10
Theory	5
Studies	20
Pieces 1	20
2	20

Scales & Arpeggios

Scales & Arpeggios: F major 2 octaves, C major 1 octaves, tongued and slurred.

G major 2 octaves, Bb major 1 octave A minor 2 octaves, harmonic or melodic

Sight-Reading

A short piece within the range of the scales using crotchet, quaver, minim and dotted values. See example page

Ear Tests

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm in simple 2, 3, 4 and compound duple time, and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm that may include quavers, crotchets, minims, dotted-minims, crotchet and minim rests.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum a two or three bar phrase played in a major or minor key. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic and tonic triad will be sounded before each playing.
- 4. To recognise any interval from a major 2nd, major 3rd, minor 3rd, perfect 4th and perfect 5th. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic will be sounded before each playing.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

Studies

Choose **one** from the following list:

1. German Dance Ludwig van Beethoven

from Learn As you Play Clarinet ed. Wastall / Boosey / Hawkes (2927)

2. Study No. 10 Friedrich Demnitz

from Elementary School for Clarinet (p.5), Peters (2417)

3. Ariette Jean B. Lully from Learn As you Play Clarinet(p.29) ed. Wastall / Boosey / Hawkes (2927)

4. No. 14 Moderato Paul Harris

from 80 Graded Studies Book 1. Faber Music

Pieces

Choose **any two** pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Mayors Dance Michael Praetorius from Amazing Solos for Clarinet & Keyboard , Boosey & Hawkes

2. No. 3 Old Hungarian Dance P. Károlyi

from Clarinet Music for Beginners, editio Musica Budapest (z.6851)

3. No. 21 The Trout

Franz Schubert

from The Joy of Clarinet, Music Sales

4. No. 10 Scherzo Anton Diabelli from First Book of Clarinet Solos, arr. Davies & Reade (Faber)

5. No. 20 To A Wild Rose Edward MacDowell

from First Book of Clarinet Solos, arr. Davies & Reade (Faber)

6. Minuet Ignaz Pleyel from Clarinet Fancies, arr. Stuart (Boston Music Company)

7. Summertime George Gershwin for Clarinet , OUP

Schedule of maximum marks		
Scales & Arpeggios	15	
Sight-Reading	10	
Ear Tests	10	
Theory	5	
Studies	20	
Pieces 1	20	
2	20	

Scales & Arpeggios

Scales & Arpeggios: C major, A minor 2 octaves

B major G minor 2 octaves

D major 1 octave

Chromatic Scales: starting on low G, 1 octave

Sight-Reading

A short piece within the range of the scales using crotchet, quaver, minim and dotted values in the keys of the scales and arpeggios.

See example page

Ear Tests

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm played in simple or compound time, and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm that may include quavers, crotchets, minims, dotted minims, semibreves and their rests.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum a melodic phrase beginning and ending on the key note. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic and tonic triad will be sounded before each playing.
- 4. To recognise intervals from the major scale and to include a minor 3rd. The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic will be sounded before each playing.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

Studies

Choose one from the following list:

Friedrich Demnitz 1. No. 4 (p. 9)

from Elementary School for Clarinet, Peters 2. No. 24 (p.8) Robert Stark

from 80 Graded Studies for Clarinet Book 1, Faber

3. No. 6 (p.7) Carl Baerman

from 50 Classical Studies for Clarinet, Fentone (F111) James Rae

4. No. 12 In the Beginning from 40 Modern Studies for Solo Clarinet ,Universal (UE 19735)

Pieces

Choose **any two** pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Bist Du Bei Mir Johann Sebastian Bach

from The Young Clarinettist, OUP 2. Aria from Don Giovanni **Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart**

from Jov of Clarinet . Music Sales

3. No. 14 Berdolin's Sweetheart Anon. from First Book of Clarinet Solos, arr. Davies & Reade (Faber)

4. Greensleeves **Traditional Folk**

from Clarinet Fancies, Boston Music Company 5. No. 2 Braul Bela Bartók

from Romanian Folk Dances for Clarinet & Piano, ed. Universal (UE 11679) 6. Adagio **Georg Frideric Handel**

from Clarinet Music for Beginners, EMB (ZI6851)

Paul Harris 7. No. 3 Dancing Bears from Summer Sketches for Clarinet & Piano, Boosey & Hawkes

8. Troika Serge Prokoffiev

from Amazing Solo's for Clarinet & Keyboard, Boosey & Hawkes

Schedule of maximum marks	
Scales & Arpeggios	15
Sight-Reading	10
Ear Tests	10
Theory	5
Studies	20
Pieces 1	20
2	20

Scales & Arpeggios

Scale & Arpeggios D, A and Eb majors 2 octaves, tongued and slurred

G, C and B minors 2 octaves, harmonic or melodic

Chromatic scale: E, 2 octaves

Dominant Sevenths: 2 octaves starting on G in the key of C

Sight-Reading

A piece of grade 1 standard. See example page

Ear Tests

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm played in simple or compound time, and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** rhythm that may include quavers, crotchets, minims, dotted minims, semibreves and their rests.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum the top or bottom note of an interval (to include all major, perfect and minor 3rds and minor 6ths). The example will be played twice by the examiner. The tonic will be sounded before each playing.
- 4. Observation test on a short piece played by the examiner. Questions will be selected beforehand and may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics and gradations of tone.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece.

Studies

Choose **one** from the following list:

1. No. 4 Allegro Energico in E Minor (p.14)

from Elementary School for Clarinet, Peters (2417)

2. No. 11 Tumbledown Blues

from 40 Modern Studies for Solo Clarinet ,Universal (UE 19735)

3. No. 13

from 50 Melodious Studies, ed. Weston (Fentone F500)

4. No. 18 (p.14)

from 50 Classical Studies for Clarinet, arr. Weston (Fentone F111)

Friedrich Demnitz

James Rae

Carl Baermann

Hyancinthe Klosé

Pieces

Choose **any two** pieces from the following list for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Minuet and Trio

from Divertimento No. 2, Chester / Music Sales

2. Sarabande

from Jpy of Clarinet, Music Sales

3. No. 7 Theme

from First Repertoire for Clarinet, Boosey & Hawkes

4. Sonata No. 1 : 2nd Movement Adagio

from Lefévre Five Sonatas for Clarinet and Piano ed. Davies & Harris, (OUP)

5. Passage from the Peasants Cantata

from Clarinet Music for Beginners, editio Musica Budapest (z.6851)

6. No. 8 Schummerlied

from Second Book of Clarinet Solos arr. Davies & Harris (Faber 510930)

7. Bourée

from Clarinet Fancies, Boston Music Company

8. Il Mio Tesoro

from Clarinet Solos Vol. 1 ed. Thea King (Chester Music)

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

Arcangelo Corelli

Carl Maria Weber

Jean Xavier Lefévre

Johann Sebastian Bach

Carl Baermann

Georg Frideric Handel

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

Schedule of maximum marks		
Scales & Arpeggios	15	
Sight-Reading	10	
Ear Tests	10	
Theory	5	
Pieces 1	20	
2	20	
3	20	

Scales & Arpeggios

Scale & Arpeggios: E, B and Ab major 2 octaves

F, C# and F# minors 2 octaves, harmonic or melodic

Dominant Sevenths: In keys of G and F, 2 octaves starting on D and C

Diminished Sevenths: On F, 2 octaves

Chromatic Scales: C, 2 octaves

F, 2 octaves

Sight-Reading

A piece of Grade 2 standard.

Ear Tests

- 1. To clap a **four bar** rhythm of suitable standard and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To clap from sight a **four bar** phrase of suitable standard.
- 3. To sing, whistle or hum a short melody played twice by the examiner.
- 4. Observation test on a short piece played by the examiner. Questions will be selected beforehand and may include tempo, tempo changes, articulation, dynamics and gradations of tone.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. State the key of the piece. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, and tell what period they come from.

Choose **one** piece from each of the following lists for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

List One

1. No. 26 (p.21) Carl Baermann

from 50 Classical Studies, arr. Weston (Fentone F111)

2. No. 19 Windy Ridge James Rae from 40 Modern Studies for Solo Clarinet, Universal (UE 19735)

3. No. 6 Allegretto non Troppo (p.15) Friedrich Demnitz

from Demnitz Elementary School for Clarinet, Peters (2417)

4. No. 17 Dance in Bulgarian Rythms Bela Bartók from Passage Studies for Clarinet Vol. 1 ed. Thurston / Boosey & Hawkes (2819)

5. No. 48 Csardas Wiedemann

from 80 Graded Studies for Clarinet Book 1 ed. Davies & Harris (Faber)

List Two

6. Fantasy piece Niels W. Gade

from Romantic Music for Clarinet, Boosey & Hawkes 7. Minuet from Serenade for Wind Octet **Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart**

from Clarinet Solos Vol. 1 ed. Thea King (Chester Music)

8. Concertino, Movement 1 Grave Giuseppe Tartini

from Concertino, arr. Gordon Jacob / Boosey & Hawkes

9. Adagio from Sonata No. 3 (p.9) Jean Xavier Lefévre

from Lefévre Five Sonatas for Clarinet and Piano ed. Davies & Harris, (OUP)

10. No. 1 Non La Scopiri Giacomo Puccini

from Tosca, Suite for Clarinet & Piano, Faber

from Chester Music (CH55171)

List Three

Klezmer/Trad 11. Bulgar from Odessa

from The Klezmer Clarinet ed. Edward Huws Jones / Boosey & Hawkes Bela Bartók

12. No. 1 Joc Cu Bata

from Romanian Folk Dances for Clarinet & Piano, ed. Universal (UE 11679) 13. Andante from No. 3 Trio op. 83 Max Bruch

from Romantic Music for Clarinet, Boosey & Hawkes

14. No. 4 Dance Preludes Witold Lutoslawski

15. Summer from No. 5 Suite Paul Reade

from The Victorian Kitchen Garden ed. Weinberger / Faber

Schedule of maximum marks		
Scales & Arpeggios	15	
Sight-Reading	10	
Ear Tests	10	
Theory	5	
Pieces 1	20	
2	20	
3	20	

Scales & Arpeggios / Technique

Scales & Arpeggios: E major E minor, 3 octaves

Eb, D, Db, B, Bb, Ab majors; C#, B, Bb, A, G# minors, 2 octaves

(minor scales in both melodic and harmonic forms)

Dominant Sevenths: In key of A, 3 octaves starting on E

In key of Bb, 2 octaves starting on F

Diminished Sevenths: E, 3 octaves

Chromatic Scales: E, 3 octaves

Whole-tone Scales: C, two octaves

Sight-Reading

A piece of Grade 3 standard.

Ear Tests

- 1a. To clap a **four bar** rhythm of suitable standard and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner. If the stated time signature is incorrect the examiner will announce the correct one and proceed to 1b.
- 1b. To identify time values within the marked sections.
- 2. To state whether a triad is major or minor and in root position or 1st inversion.
- 3. To recognise a cadence at the end of a phrase played twice by the examiner as perfect or plagal.
- 4. Observation test on a piece played by the examiner. Questions may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics, gradations of tone, articulation and recognition of major and minor tonality.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed, and explain the meaning of the time signatures. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, tell what period they come from, and give some details about the composers.

Choose **one** piece from each of the following lists for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

List One

1. No. 4 in D Minor (p.27)

from Elementary School for Clarinet, Peters (2417)

2. No. 5 Corrente

from 21 Pieces for Clarinet, arr. Giampieri / Ricordi (ER2621)

3. Study No. 53

from 80 Graded Studies for Clarinet Book 2 ed. Davies & Harris (Faber)

4. No. 36

from from 50 Classical Studies, arr. Weston (Fentone F111)

5. No. 32 Latin Jive

from Universal (UE 19735)

Friedrich Demnitz

Johann Sebastian Bach

Carl Baermann

Henry Lazarus

James Rae

List Two

6. Adagio, Movement 3

from Tartini Concertino, arr. Gordon Jacob / Boosey & Hawkes

7. No. 6 Concerto in Bb op II, Andante

from Clarinet Solos Vol. 2, Chester Music (CH 55093)

8. This Flower That You Threw Me - Carmen

from Clarinet Series transcribed by Weston (Fentone F216)

9. Adagio

from Brettkopf (EB 4884)

10. Vissi d'Arte - Tosca

from Tosca, Suite for Clarinet & Piano, Faber

Giuseppe Tartini

Bernhard Crusell

Geroges Bizet

Carl Baermann

Giacomo Puccini

List Three

11. Frevlechs from Warsaw

from The Klezmer Clarinet ed. Edward Huws Jones / Boosey & Hawkes

12. No. 4 Buciumeana

from Romanian Folk Dances for Clarinet & Piano, ed. Universal (UE 11679)

13. Prelude

from Five Bagatelles, Boosey & Hawkes (3025)

14. Sonata in Eb. op. 167. 1st Movement

from Chester Music (CH55238)

15. No. 2

from Dance Preludes, Chester Music (CH55171)

Klezmer/Trad

Bela Bartók

Gerald Finzi

Camille Saint - Saens

Witold Lutoslawski

Sch	edule of maximum	marks
Scales 8	& Arpeggios	15
Sight-Re		10
Ear Test	ts	10
Theory		5
Pieces	1	20
	2	20
	3	20

Scales & Arpeggios

To be played legato, legato tongued and staccato.

Scales: All major and minor scales (minors both melodic and harmonic)

E, F and F#, 3 octaves, all others 2 octaves

Arpeggios: Same range as scales.

Dominant Sevenths: In key of A and Bb, 3 octaves, and Db, Eb, F# and G, 2 octaves

Diminished Sevenths: Starting on E and F, 3 octaves and on C, 2 octaves

Whole tone Scale: C#, 2 octaves

Chromatic Scales: E, F and F#, 3 octaves

Sight-Reading

A piece of Grade 4 standard.

Ear Tests

- 1a. To clap a **four bar** rhythm of suitable standard and to state the time signature. The example will be played twice by the examiner. If the stated time signature is incorrect the examiner will announce the correct one and proceed to 1b.
- 1b. To identify time values within the marked sections.
- 2. To state whether a triad is major or minor and in root position or 1st inversion.
- 3. To recognise a cadence at the end of a phrase played twice by the examiner as perfect or plagal.
- 4. Observation test on a piece played by the examiner. Questions may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics, gradations of tone, articulation and recognition of major and minor tonality.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, tell what period and style they represent, and give some details about the composers.

Choose **one** piece from each of the following lists for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

List One

1. No. 38 Inside Out

from Universal (UE 19735)

2. No. 40 (p.35)

from 50 Classical Studies for Clarinet, arr. Weston (Fentone F511)

3. No. 3 Allemanda

from 21 Pieces for Clarinet, arr. Giampieri / Ricordi (ER2621)

4. No. 40

from 50 Melodious Studies, ed. Weston (Fentone)

5. Study No. 65

from 80 Graded Studies for Clarinet Book 2 ed. Davies & Harris (Faber)

James Rae

Iwan Muller

Johann Sebastian Bach

Carl Baermann

Hyancinthe Klosé

List Two

6. No. 1 Concerto in F Minor, op.71 (2nd Movement only) Carl M. Weber

from Brettkopf (EB 1540)

7. No. 1 Concerto in C Minor (2nd Movement only) **Ludwig Spohr**

from Peters (P2098a)

Gabriel Pierné 8. Canzonette, op. 19

from Leduc / UMP (AL 8206)

9. Concerto in Eb, op.36 (1st Movement) Franz Krommer

from Supraphon / Barenreiter (H888)

10. No. 4 Church Sonata

from Four Church Sonatas, Boosey & Hawkes (K536)

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

List Three

16. 2nd Movement Francis Poulenc

from Clarinet Sonata, Chester (CH01618)

from Dance Preludes, Chester Music (CH55171)

17. No. 1, Allegro Motto Witold Lutoslawski

18. No. 6 Maruntel, Allegro

from Romanian Folk Dances for Clarinet & Piano, ed. Universal (UE 11679)

19. No. 1 Kolyn (p.5) (Unaccompanied)

from The Klezmer Repertoire Vol. 1 arr. Curtis / Advance Music (08101)

20. No. 2 Valdemosa

from Two Majorcan Pieces, Belwin Mills / Maecenas Europe

Bela Bartók

Klezmer/Trad.

Joseph Horovitz

Schedule of maximum marks	
Scales & Arpeggios	15
Sight-Reading	10
Ear Tests	10
Theory	5
Pieces 1	20
2	20
3	20

Scales & Arpeggios

To be played Legato, legato tongued and staccato.

Scales & Arpeggios: All major and minor scales (minors both melodic and harmonic)

E, F, F# and G, 3 octaves, all others, 2 octaves.

Dominant Sevenths: In all keys, A, Bb, B and C 3 octaves, all others 2 octaves.

Diminished Sevenths: In all keys E, F, F# and G 3 octaves, all other 2 octaves

Chromatic Scale: E, F, F# and G, 3 octaves

Whole tone scale: Starting on E and F, 3 octaves

Sight-Reading

A piece of Grade 5 standard.

Ear Tests

- 1. To sing, whistle or hum the lower part of a two part phrase. The example will be played twice by the examiner.
- 2. To recognise a cadence at the end of a phrase played twice by the examiner as perfect plagal, imperfect or interrupted.
- 3. To recognise the modulation from a major key to its dominant, sub-dominant or relative-minor.
- 4. Observation test on a piece played by the examiner. Questions may include tempo, tempo changes, dynamics, gradations of tone, articulation, recognition of major and minor tonality, general character and form, the principal modulations, period and style with a general knowledge of Sonata Form, Fugue and Rondo.

Theory

Explain the meaning of any directional markings in the pieces performed. Give the meaning of the titles of pieces, tell what period and style they represent, and give some details about the composers.

Choose **one** piece from each of the following lists for performance.

The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

List One

6. Study No. 78

from 80 Graded Studies for Clarinet Book 2 ed. Davies & Harris (Faber)

7. No. 40 Oiled Wheels

from 40 Modern Studies for Solo Clarinet, Universal (UE 19735)

8. No. 8. Corrente

from 21 Pieces for Clarinet, arr. Giampieri / Ricordi (ER2621)

9. No. 1 Allegro

from Rudolph Jettel 18 Etuden fur Klarinet, Doblinger (05 314)

10. Odessa Bulgar (p.18)

from The Klezmer Repertoire Vol. 1 arr. Curtis / Advance Music (08101)

Iwan Muller

James Rae

Johann Sebastian Bach

Rudolph Jettel

Klezmer/Trad.

List Two

11. Concertino (Complete)

from Fentone (F 389)

12. Sonata. 1st Movement

from Sonata No. 9 for Clarinet & Piano, ed. Davies & Harris / Ricordi (LD 784)

13. Rondo, 3rd Movement

from Concerto No. 1 in C Minor op. 26, Peters (EP 2098a)

14. Concerto in A, 3rd Movement

from Breitkopf (EB 8523)

15. Allegro Risoluto, 1st Movement

from Concerto for Clarinet, op. 11, arr. Weston / Universal (UE 18 267)

Carl M. Weber

Jean Xavier Lefévre

Ludwig Spohr

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

Bernhard Crusell

List Three

11. Duo Concertante, op. 351

from Heugel / UMP (HE 31564)

12. Sonata, 1st Movement

from Chester Music (CH 01618)

13. Rhapsodie

from Durand / UMP

14. Romance and Fughetta

from Five Bagatelles, Boosey & Hawkes (3025)

15. No. 3 and No. 5

from Dance Preludes, Chester Music (CH55171)

Darius Milhaud

Francis Poulenc

Claude Debussy

Gerald Finzi

Witold Lutoslawski

Junior & Senior Repertoire Recital Programmes

Performers are expected to present a balanced recital programme of their own choice, lasting 15-20 minutes for the Junior Repertoire and 40-45 minutes for the Senior Repertoire.

The Junior Repertoire selection should contain pieces of at least grade 5 standard while the Senior Repertoire should contain pieces of at least grade 8 standard.

The candidate's selection of music, to reflect a varied and interesting programme, will be taken into account.

The candidate's programme, typed in the order of performance, must be submitted at least **two months** before the examination.

The candidate will be expected to give a brief introduction to each piece during the recital.

It should be noted that this recital examination is open to members of the public and candidates are encouraged to invite friends and relatives.

The Junior & Senior Repertoire Recital Programmes will be marked as follows:

(a) Technical Ability
 (b) Interpretation
 (c) Overall Impression & Choice of Programme
 30%
 40%
 30%

Maximum Marks 100, Passing Marks 65

Certificate of Proficiency in Teaching

Paper Work

Schedule of maximum n	narks
Aural Training &	
General Musicianship	40
History	30
Analysis	30

Aural Training & General Musicianship

Candidates will be asked a range of questions covering the following topics:

- 1. Ornamentation
- 2. Transposition (key to key)
- 3. Building and naming of major, minor, augmented and diminished chords and triads in root position and their inversions, on any degree of the major and minor scales
- 4. Time and grouping of notes
- 5. Words and marks of expression, etc.

History

Candidates will be expected to study **one** of the following historic periods:

- 1. 1685-1800
- 2. 1800-1900

The influence of the Great Masters on the development of music rather than their individual lives and a knowledge of the forms and style that developed will form the basis of the questions.

A choice of questions will be given, covering both sections.

Analysis

A general practical analysis of a given short **unseen** composition, appropriate to the instrument chosen. The questions will test the candidate's knowledge of major, minor, augmented, and diminished chords and triads and their inversions (including dominant 7th chords), cadences, keys and modulations, form and structure.

Certificate of Proficiency in Teaching

Clarinet Practical Work

Schedule of maximum marks Sight-Reading 12 Teaching Methods 26 Aural Training & General Musicianship 12 Scales & Arpeggios 20 Pieces 30

Sight-Reading

To play a piece of Grade 6 standard.

Teaching Methods

Candidates will be asked to give a practical demonstration and discuss methods of teaching under the following headings:

- 1. Breathing techniques and exercises
- 2. Holding the instrument and good posture
- 3. Blowing
- 4. Tone development and introducing higher notes
- 5. Fingering exercises
- 6. Dealing with rhythm and counting.
- 7. Repertoire and choice of tutors for beginners
- 8. Studies and pieces for advancing students.
- 9. Scales and arpeggio exercises and general technique
- 10. Knowledge of standard repertoire up to Grade 6 standard
- 11. Exams why and when to do them

Aural Training & General Musicianship

- 1. To recognise major, minor, diminished and augmented triads, played in close root position, and be able to sing, whistle or hum any of the notes requested by the examiner.
- 2. To recognise and name perfect, plagal, imperfect (I-V only) and interrupted (V-VI) cadences played in root position.
- 3. To clap the rhythm of a phrase, not exceeding four bars in length, in simple duple or triple time. To beat the time of this phrase while it is played by the examiner.
- 4. To sing, whistle or hum a short melodic phrase, not exceeding four bars in length, in simple duple or simple triple time, after it has been played by the examiner.
- 5. To sing, whistle or hum the upper part of a short two-part phrase played three times by the examiner.

Scales & Arpeggios

To be played Legato, legato tongued and staccato.

Scales & Arpeggios: All major and minor scales (minors both melodic and harmonic)

E, F, F# and G, 3 octaves, all others, 2 octaves.

Dominant Sevenths: In all keys, A, Bb, B and C 3 octaves, all others 2 octaves. Diminished Sevenths: In all keys E, F, F# and G 3 octaves, all other 2 octaves

Chromatic Scale: E, F, F# and G, 3 octaves
Whole tone scale: Starting on E and F, 3 octaves

Choose a varied programme of **three** movements from the following list. One piece must be unaccompanied and three composers must be represented. The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. Any piece from 1 - 5 Johann Sebastian Bach from 21 Pieces for Clarinet, Ricordi (LD 794)

2. Three Pieces: No. 3 Igor Stravinskey

3. Shatser Chusidl from The Klezmer Repertoire. Advance Music (08102)

4. Fantasy Malcolm Arnold

from Fantasy for Solo Clarinet, Faber Music

5. Konzert No. 3 in Bb Major, Movement 1 or 3 from Konzert No. 3 in Bb Major, Peters Carl Stamitz

6. Concertino (Complete) Carl M. Weber from Boosev & Hawkes

7. Concertos 1 & 2, Any Movement Carl M. Weber
8. Sonata 1st or 3rd Movement Francis Poulence

8. Sonata 1st or 3rd Movement Francis Poulenc from Chester Music

9. Sonata No. 9, 3rd Movement from Ricordi (LD 794)

Jean Xavier Lefévre

10. Concerto on Bb, op. 11, Any Movement Bernhard Crusell

Professional Diploma for Teachers

Paper Work

Paper 1: Rudiments of Music & Harmony

Schedule of maximum marks

Aural Training &
General Musicianship 30
Harmony 40
Contrapuntal Harmony 30

Aural Training & General Musicianship

Questions will be asked on some of the following elements:

- 1. Ornamentation
- 2. Transposition (key to key, open and close score, and transposing instruments)
- 3. Intervals (basic, compound, and inversions)
- 4. Write and recognise triads in all positions and qualities (eg. major 1st inversion)
- 5. Scales and keys
- 6. Time and grouping of notes

Harmony

Two questions, not exceeding 16 bars, will be set from the following three topics – **one** to be answered:

- 1. Four-part writing in the style of a Chorale or Hymn Tune
- 2. To realise a Figured Bass
- 3. Four-part String Quartet style

The candidate will be expected to show a good knowledge of major and minor common chords, dominant 7th, secondary 7th, augmented and diminished chords and their inversions, passing notes, auxiliary notes, suspensions, and modulations. An aptitude for formal structure and style should also be demonstrated.

Contrapuntal Harmony

Two-part writing, adding a part above or below a given part in **one** of the following styles, not exceeding 12 bars:

- 1. In imitation
- 2. Adding a rhythmic flowing part (eg. using continuous quaver movement)

The candidate will be expected to show a good knowledge of major and minor common chords, dominant 7th, secondary 7th, augmented and diminished chords and their inversions, passing notes, auxiliary notes, suspensions, and modulations. An aptitude for formal structure and style should also be demonstrated.

Professional Diploma for Teachers

Paper Work

Paper 2: Teaching Methods, History & Analysis

Schedule of maximum marks Teaching Methods 40 History 30 Analysis 30

Teaching Methods

This question will be in **two** parts, Section A and Section B. **One** question to be answered from **each** section.

Section A will include questions chosen from the following topics:

- 1. Style
- 2. Interpretation
- Aural training
- 4. Time and grouping of notes
- 5. Sight-reading
- 6. Lesson planning (including appropriate pieces and/or tutors)

Section B relates to the candidate's chosen instrument and will include questions chosen from the following topics:

- 1. Technique
- 2. Repertoire
- 3. A knowledge of the characteristic features of their instrument

History

Candidates will be expected to study **one** of the following historic periods:

- 1. 1685-1800
- 2. 1800-1900
- 3. 20th century

A knowledge of style, form and development of the chosen period, with specific reference to composers and their works is expected.

A choice of questions will be given.

Analysis

A general practical analysis of a given short **unseen** composition, appropriate to the instrument chosen. The questions will test the candidate's knowledge of style, form, chords, cadences, modulation, and performance directions including Italian, French and German terms and abbreviations.

Professional Diploma for Teachers

ClarinetPractical Work

Schedule of maximum marks	
Sight-Reading Teaching Methods Aural Training & General Musicianship Scales & Arpeggios Performance	12 26 12 20 30

Sight-Reading

Half an hour before the examination candidates will be given a piece of sight-reading to study in preparation for performance during the examination.

Teaching Methods

Candidates will be asked to give a practical demonstration and discuss methods of teaching under the following headings:

- 1. Repertoire from beginners onwards, including studies and pieces for all grades and knowledge of the works of the great teachers and players of the past and present.
- 2. Breathing and posture
- 3. Techniques of tonguing, phrasing, harmonics, gradation and variety of tone colour, and vibrato.
- 4. Dealing with difficulties of rhythm and counting.
- 5. Methods of scale and arpeggio studies and demonstration of these.
- 6. Stylistic interpretation of pieces from different periods, and techniques required.
- 7. Resource books of flute playing, history, and repertoire.

Aural Training & General Musicianship

- 1. To recognise the name and position of major, minor, augmented and diminished triads and be able to sing, whistle or hum any of the notes.
- 2. To recognise perfect, plagal, imperfect (I-V, II-V, IV-V or VI-V) and interrupted (V-VI) cadences in a short passage played by the examiner.
- 3. To clap or tap the rhythm of a short passage played twice, and then to state whether the time signature is simple duple, triple, quadruple or compound duple.
- 4. To sing, whistle or hum a four bar melody played by the examiner, the key first having been stated and the key-chord played. The passage will be played three times.
- 5. To sing, whistle or hum the upper or lower part of a short two-part melodic phrase. The passage will be played three times.
- 6. To recognise and name the keys of a major key passage modulating from its tonic to one of its related keys, dominant, sub-dominant or relative minor.

Scales & Arpeggios

To be played Legato, legato tongued and staccato.

Scales & Arpeggios: All major and minor scales (minors both melodic and harmonic)

E, F, F# and G, 3 octaves, all others, 2 octaves.

Dominant Sevenths: In all keys, A, Bb, B and C 3 octaves, all others 2 octaves. Diminished Sevenths: In all keys E, F, F# and G 3 octaves, all other 2 octaves

Chromatic Scale: E, F, F# and G, 3 octaves
Whole tone scale: Starting on E and F, 3 octaves

Performance

Choose a varied programme of **three** movements from the following list. One piece must be unaccompanied and three composers must be represented. The pieces chosen should be of contrasting style to reflect a varied and interesting programme.

1. No. 11 Johann Sebastian Bach

from 21 Pieces for Clarinet , Ricordi (ER 2621)

2. Concert Piece No. 3 in Bb Major (Complete) Franz Danzi from Concert Piece No. 3 in Bb Major for Clarinet and String Quartet (Piano reduction) (Music Rara)

3. Grand Duo Concertante, op. 48 Carl M. Weber

4. Concertos 1, 2, 3 and 4 (any movement from any concerto)
 5. Premier Rhapsody (complete)
 Ludwig Spohr Claude Debussy

6. Sonatine (complete)

from Sonatine for Clarinet & Piano, Durand

Darius Milhaud

7. Concerto in A Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

from Baerenreiter (K 622)

8. Introduction, Theme and Variations(Complete)

Gioacchino Rossini

from Introduction, Theme and Variations for Clarinet, Sikorski

9. Concerto in Bb, op. 11, Any Movement

Bernhard Crusell

from Universal Edition

The Leinster School of Music & Drama Clarinet Grade Examinations Syllabus

The Leinster School of Music & Drama

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